March 1995

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Quaker Thought and Life Today



Multicultural Education: Old Questions, New Answers

Remembering
John Morgan
and Others
of the Streets

Theology on the Road

1994 Index



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Among Friends

Drop by Drop

Proof ten years or so he was our rather distant neighbor; he lived in another state and rented out apartments to tenants in our block. He would come by occasionally just to do small repairs or to show an empty apartment to a prospective renter. These years were difficult for us and others living on the block, mainly because of the odd mix of tenants he selected. There were the rock musicians, for instance, who liked best to practice after 11 p.m., and they did need practice! Occasionally they got so raucous that someone would call the police, which seldom helped. Sometimes, in a moment of desperation, I would pick up the phone and call the owner and give him a piece of my mind, which seldom helped.

There was the woman with the amazing three-octave range and her husband. During their frequent fights she would scream at him and he would sob. When it got particularly bad for him he would arrive at our door to escape. And there were the heavy drug-users, and a young man under psychiatric care who frightened the

parents of young children on our block, and so many others.

Then we learned one day that the owner himself had moved in. Rumor had it that his marriage had ended and that he would be fixing up the building to sell it. Well, things did not improve. Because of our frequent complaints over the years, perhaps, our neighbor had acquired a strong dislike for our family in particular. To express this he chose to shun us. A smile and a friendly "good morning" from me would be either ignored or met with a sullen, hostile stare. If our children's toys were left near his house he would throw them in the direction of our house, or break them. If he were in a conversation with another neighbor, and I were to walk up, he would turn away or leave. All my efforts to establish a friendly connection were a failure. And this went on for several years.

One evening I arrived home to discover that one of my sons, with two youthful accomplices, had decided to let all of the air out of the tires of our neighbor's car. I was furious at them and told them they must tell him what they had done and

apologize. They nervously stood next to me as I rang his bell.

When our neighbor opened the door he clearly was startled. "The boys have something to tell you," I said, looking at them expectantly. But they just shuffled awkwardly and looked at their feet, no one wanting to say a word. So, I launched into a brief sermon to them, saying that what they had done was wrong, that this was one of our neighbors, that each of us had to respect each other's property, and that I expected an apology from them. They mumbled something about being sorry and had scarcely done so when the neighbor broke into a big smile. "Hey, don't worry about it, I'm glad you told me. I know you won't do it again . . ." and the boys darted off like three rabbits trying to escape the hounds.

Before I could take a step away from the door he stopped me. "I've been meaning to say something to you for a while now," he said. "I owe you an apology, and your wife too. I've acted badly to you both, and I'm sorry." And he extended his hand, which I gladly took. This occurred three or four years ago, I guess, and we've been friendly ever since. Sometimes he puts our trash cans out on pick-up days if we're away. He's made a business deal, too, with my son, Andrew, to keep the grass cut and to shovel snow off his steps. Last autumn he came over to sit with me on our porch swing and tell me all about his trip abroad with his son.

Recently I came upon these words by James Boswell: "We cannot tell the precise moment when friendship is formed. As in filling a vessel drop by drop, there is at last a drop which makes it run over; so in a series of kindnesses there is at last one which

makes the heart run over."

DATAT .

Next Month in Friends Journal: Comments on the Just War Theory

Nonviolence and Neighbors Risking All for Love Vinton Demine

March 1995 Volume 41, No. 3

FRIENDS JOURNAL

Features

7 Theology on the Road

Francis E. Kazemek

What is it about the road, and your traveling it alone, that leads you on to thoughts of ultimate concern?

9 Recalling John Morgan and Others of the Streets

John C. Morgan

Sometimes along familiar city streets the Samaritan story finds new meaning.

11 Allowing Life

Anthony Scola

A true paradox: How can we learn to accept, yet not be willing to accept! Two Mennonites in Sudan faced the implications.

12 Old Questions, New Answers

Charmaine Seitz

An Earlham student raises tough questions about multicultural relations and Quakerism.

14 A Constructive Diversity

Richard J. Wood

Yes, we must increase the diversity of the college community—and do so in the most constructive, Friendly ways.

16 Looking Beyond Light and Dark

John L. Johnson

Friends must examine cherished metaphors for hidden racism.

18 Lament in D-Minor

John Samuel Tieman

Amidst death and destruction in Sarajevo, a cellist honored the latest victims.

20 Dealing With Rape as a Family

Kate Kerman

Only after the pain and fear were faced honestly could healing begin to occur.

Departments

- 2 Among Friends
- 4 Forum
- 24 Witness
- **26 Parents' Corner**
- 28 Reports
- 30 News of Friends
- 30 Calendar
- 31 Bulletin Board
- 32 Books
- 35 Resources
- 37 Milestones
- 40 Classified
- 43 1994 Index

Poetry

10 Sunday Evening

John Tuton

Poem for Rodney King

Laura A. Evans

Cover photo courtesy of Earlham College

Forum

Lives shattered

It is a tribute that you published the views of Jonathan Anderson regarding his support of reinstituting the draft (*FJ* Oct. 1994). Although I strenuously differ with Anderson, in a democracy all opinions are worthy of airing.

I do not feel that those of us who oppose our government's unjust military actions are responsible for them. By resisting these actions legally and nonviolently, we cease to be part of the problem and are not responsible for our government's actions.

Most people are, indeed, motivated by what affects them personally. But shall we condemn conscientious objectors to the horrors inflicted upon them in penal institutions when they are not granted CO status? I would like to suggest that Jonathan Anderson confer with some of these young men who have suffered unspeakable torments in prison. Perhaps then he will modify his views concerning the draft—a practice that historically has shattered the lives and spirits of many fine people.

Gasper A. Gilardi Harahan, La.

The simple things

Thanks for including Grace Yaukey's story, "The Doctor and the Child" (FJ Nov. 1994). I thought it a beautiful piece and admired the quality of the writing—the blurring of the line between prose and poetry. It is usually the simple things, the small stories, that move me.

The fact that through the efforts of her friend Natalie Krakau we were able to share Grace's experiences after her death was also a poignant reminder of the bounds of friendship.

George Edwards Highland, Md.

Resisting injustice

In regard to Irwin Abrams's article on "... Not Speaking Truth to Power" (FJ Sept. 1994), I believe that Quakers have made mistakes in not condemning welldocumented human rights violations committed by various governments. The key social problem for the entire human species is how to deal effectively with aggression, exploitation, and brutality. Unless confronted and opposed, these characteristics receive reinforcement through repetition, and become institutionalized. Once they are institutionalized, as in tyrannical governments, they are extremely difficult to end without the use of opposing violence.

Society is so constructed that aggression and exploitation in some forms are materially and socially rewarded. But human beings also are loving and thoughtful. It is through these characteristics that they must find ways to control aggressive, socially destructive tendencies. An essential part of the answer must be that all forms of injustice should be confronted, noncooperated with, and nonviolently resisted from the onset. It is only when large numbers of human beings come to realize this that society will be able to escape from the traditions of huge police forces, penal institutions, and military establishments. Such traditions so brutalize, perpetuate homicidal internal conflict, and draw us toward cataclysmic nuclear war. This is "tough love," the core of the ethic of nonviolent resistance, that must become universalized as quickly as possible.

> Bradford Lyttle Chicago, Ill.

Lucy Sikes

Hymn singing

Patrick Genna (Forum Dec. 1994) suggested that a Friends hymnal represented a moving away from the unprogrammed meeting, and towards ritualism. As long as hymn singing is kept completely separate from meeting for worship, I do not see any danger of it affecting our worship. Friends meetings often have various social and artistic activities going on; hymn singing is one of them.

Where does ritualism and a programmed meeting for worship start? Is it when we put a pot of flowers on the table during worship? Or if we have a Bible on the table? I don't

always know where to draw the line. (Probably before the Bible but after the flowers.) But a hymnal, used strictly apart from meeting for worship, need not be a threat.

Ian Simpson Salem, Oreg.

I think that unprogrammed Friends can have hymns without candles, ministers, etc. coming next. It is good that some Quakers have programmed meetings; it does not make them less Quakerly. And I feel the same way about hymns. Actually, more people might become convinced Quakers if there were hymns. We might attract more people of color, for instance, and working-class people. I think that hymns are not a threat to Quaker faith and practice.

Gwen Wheelock Bowie, Md.

Not "commons"

I find a number of problems with Ralph Townley's review (FJ Nov. 1994) of Mary Dyer, Biography of a Rebel Quaker, by Ruth Talbot Plimpton. The problems start with the first sentence: "On June 1, 1660, by the Frog Pond on Boston Commons, Mary Dver was hanged for being a Quaker." In the first place, the correct term is not "Commons," but Boston Common, and most historians now agree that Mary Dyer was not hanged there at all, but on common land at Boston Neck, about where Washington Street and Dover Street intersect today (see George Selleck's book, Quakers in Boston). And, technically, she was hanged for returning for banishment, not for being a Quaker.

The reviewer asks, "what prompted Mary Dyer to return to England?" It is quite clear that she accompanied her husband, who went with Roger Williams (not "John Williams," as the reviewer refers to the founder of Rhode Island) to obtain a charter for the new colony of Rhode Island. That she stayed on and was convinced by George Fox, after her husband returned to America, is quite clear.

In the review, it is a surprise to find that Mary's husband's name, which was "William" in the second paragraph, becomes "John" (incorrect) in the ninth paragraph.

Samuel B. Burgess Medford, N.J.

Quakers and Nazis

Thank you for the very interesting articles (FJ Dec. 1994) on Quakers in Nazi Germany and the Quaker school Eerde in Holland. My family was involved at the school. My parents, free-thinking Germans,

did not want their children crammed into the Nazi mold. To avoid indoctrination, my three older siblings were sent to school at Eerde. After helping many Jews escape Germany, my parents decided to emigrate in May 1939. At age three, I too was sent to Eerde to be taken care of until travel arrangements could be made.

In December 1939, after the outbreak of World War II, the four children aged 15, 13, 9, and 3 sailed aboard the *Orcades* for New Zealand, and we reached our destination. The ship that sailed before ours was mined and sank in the English Channel.

Thanks in part to the steadfast courage of Quakers at Eerde, we were the lucky ones, avoiding mines, indoctrination, and death camps. We were given the gift of life by some who lost theirs.

Viola Palmer (nee Heine) Tauranga, New Zealand

My parents, sister, and I were members of the German Yearly Meeting. As a child, with other young Friends, I swung on the gate in front of the meetinghouse in Bad Pyrmont. We have always had a picture of the meetinghouse in our family room.

My parents, Fritz and Marty Giessler, met during World War I while working at the Berlin-East Settlement House. They often had young people at our home for discussions. My father was one of the first teachers to lose his job in 1933. I well remember strangers, coming into our meetings, who were later identified as members of the Gestapo. Our family often helped Jewish families by getting items at night from stores they owned, and selling the items for them to help raise money so they could leave Germany.

We knew Margarete Lachmund, Leonard Friedrich, the Frickes, and many others, as well as Corder and Gwen Catchpool. Others who meant a great deal to me included Alice Shaffer, Rufus Jones, Robert Yarnall, George Walton, Douglas Steere (who welcomed us to the United States), and Howard Elkington.

American Friends and the Fellowship of Reconciliation realized it was too dangerous for my parents to remain in Germany. I was able to take my sister out through Switzerland, my mother traveled to France, and my father left through Belgium. We met in Holland, and, like Renata Justin, came to the States on one of the last ships to leave Europe from Rotterdam. The German ships, with refugees, were recalled while we were at sea. Our ship, the *Volendam*, was sunk on the return trip by a submarine.

My father taught at Wilmington Friends School until his death. My mother then spent many years teaching at Westtown. After she had to retire, she returned to



Holland and taught at Eerde for several vears, and then at Barnesville in Ohio.

Thanks for the memories revived by the December issue.

Hali H. Giessler Clinton Twp., Mich.

In the late 1930s in Berlin, I was vaguely aware that a number of strangers visited our apartment, usually by the back stairs. They never stayed very long. Many years later my mother told us that these people had come for a meal, a bath, or, rarely, a bed. She was in fact operating a station on an underground railway, a very dangerous undertaking as a Gestapo officer lived in the apartment below us. She never talked about it much in later years, but it is likely she was involved in this because of her involvement as a member of Berlin Meeting.

I too was a student at Eerde. I was not aware of the strong connection the school had with U.S. Friends. I was more aware of its connection with English Friends. The older pupils at the school worked towards taking the Oxford School Certificate examination in English. I was too young for this and received instruction in German along with the other younger children.

My mother, who was of Jewish descent, had sent me to Eerde in the fall of 1938. As I understood the situation at the age of almost 11, this was because she was not happy with the Nazi state school. I was never told the more compelling reasons. My brother, two years younger, stayed home. When, in November, I received a letter from my mother telling me she had left Berlin and was in London, working as a resident domestic, and that my brother had gone to Switzerland as he was too young to attend Eerde, it seemed my whole world had fallen to pieces. I recall mentioning my distress to a slightly older roommate, whose only reply was, "At least you know where your family is." She was absolutely correct; many children at Eerde were in far worse situations, but that did not in any way help to make me happier. When I think back, I am impressed by the loving patience shown by the staff, who had to deal with a great

Students in the handwork-room at Quaker school Eerde in Holland

many very unhappy children, and the inevitable difficulties that presented for them.

The efforts to make this a caring, friendly environment were numerous, and mostly too subtle for many of us children to even be aware of. I clearly remember being invited to a teacher's

home to share their celebration of the Dutch St. Nicholas Eve. The whole school participated in small groups in homes, and we all came away with cookies and a gift after an evening that included a visit from St. Nicholas himself. The absence of any formal school rooms and desks may have been due to necessity, but it also gave a very special feel even to lessons. I remember lessons in the garden in the summer. During the Easter vacation those children who were left at the school went to a youth hostel for a period at the sea.

When the school year ended in the summer of 1939, a sizeable group of Eerde students with contacts in England traveled to London together in the care of Miss Green, an English teacher. We thought we were only going to be in England for the summer vacation. When war broke out, the school strongly advised those students who had gone to England not to return. While this created problems for my mother, who had no way to take care of us, it certainly saved my life.

I believe a group of alumni of Eerde met from time to time in London. As I was at that point a student at an English Quaker boarding school, I was not involved in these meetings, but I clearly remember a meeting after the war when we had news of Eerde. We were told that the half-Jewish children had been removed from the school by the Nazis and housed in a nearby cottage in the care of Herr Hildesheimer, an Eerde teacher and a German Jew who happened to have been born on a British ship and who therefore had a British passport. This group survived until the last days of the war, when the retreating German army shot them all.

I would be delighted to hear from any other alumni of Eerde in this country.

Evamaria Hawkins Rockville, Md.

We also would enjoy hearing from other readers who have personal accounts to tell of this terrible time in history—stories that reveal the courage of Friends who sought to witness to their beliefs. —Eds.

Time to act

The recent meanspiritedness that is sweeping our country makes it imperative that those Friends and others who consider themselves New Testament Christians *learn* to nonviolently confront those "Old Testament Christians" who like to tell us how to solve the world's problems with "an eye for an eye and a tooth for a tooth." Do they believe in the new dispensation of God's love for humankind or not? Is Jesus really their Lord and Savior?

And perhaps we can encourage Jewish Congregations and their rabbis—the real keepers of Old Testament tradition—to speak out about their interpretations of the Torah and how they live by the teachings of the Talmud.

Alton Earnhart Porter, Ind.

Recovering from abuse

It is a cool Montana morning and I am sitting here on the front porch with a heart so full—and at the same time so afraid, that words feel blocked. Words often feel so inadequate, so flat and puny. There are just no words for some experiences.

I am a survivor of satanic ritual abuse. By the age of six I had witnessed animal and human sacrifice and experienced physical, sexual, and emotional torture. I was used in rituals until high school. I was systematically taught not to trust, not to believe my own senses, not to get attached, and that I was evil. These lessons are with me still, and, to be honest, mostly I believe them. But I am learning to fight, and today I feel again the Quaker community surrounding me and holding the light that I cannot yet hold for myself

cannot yet hold for myself.

I am writing now because somehow I want to attempt to convey what Quaker community has meant to me. Quite literally it has meant spiritual survival. When I was 14 I began spending my summers at the Farm and Wilderness camps. Anyone who knows much of satanic ritual abuse knows that the 13th year can be a horrible one, and it was for me. I arrived at the camps convinced of my inner darkness, and the staff spoke of my inner light. This was my first experience of Quaker beliefs and community. A seed was planted. I was given eight weeks of rest for my body and an experience of love and acceptance. I lived for the summer in the safety of those Vermont mountains.

Later I went to a Quaker college, and later still—as I began to feel a little, and to remember—I have been surrounded by North Carolina and Montana Quakers. Some know my truth and some don't. In either case I feel the safety of love and acceptance.

This morning a friend from North

Carolina called. As I hung up I was again struck by how much my Quaker community has given and gives to me. And so I am writing to attempt to say thank you and to remind Friends that you may have no idea of the extent of what you are giving when you hold up and nurture the light for another. Please keep believing. Ritual abuse is happening all over this country. And please keep looking for the light in the darkness.

Anonymous

No sense of unity

Greg Pahl's "Moving Beyond the Stereotypes" (FJ Jan.) was a great example of why "Christocentric" and Universalist Friends cannot now and will probably never find a sense of unity or purpose. He repeatedly bemoaned that the group in his workshop could not get to the "heart" of the discussion.

The "heart" of the discussion is Jesus Christ. I can't believe there are actually people who refer to God as "the DNA of the Universe" or "The Grand Ah Ha." Where do

these people come from?

As long as the non-Christian party is not willing to deal with Jesus Christ, as revealed in Scripture, and by the Holy Spirit (which is the Quaker way), there can be no unity. We who name Him as Savior and Lord may continue in our spiritual pilgrimage with a sense of spiritual security and certainty. Those who deny Him these roles, denying His full deity and incarnation, are bound to be forever seeking some abstract "Creative Energy" that doesn't exist.

This is not stereotyping. This is reality. I can sit in meetings with non-Christian people who call themselves Friends as comfortably as I can sit in a Kiwanis meeting or some town board or committee meeting. Where there is no spiritual concern, there can be plenty accomplished. But with issues as fundamental as who God is and who His Son Jesus Christ is, there comes a need to separate.

The life, death, and resurrection of Jesus Christ are far too important to be bandied about by Universalist nonsense. The impact of His life and present ministry is significant enough that the choice is to follow or not. And in following, there is no time to waste debating the simple Truths He brings.

Brian Daniels Wabash, Indiana

Science and religion

The Religious Society of Friends has always made room for possible new revelations which might affect our religious organization. This has for a long time been a major factor for me in belonging to Friends. I never expected to find such a revelation.

Now I think I have.

The renowned mythologist Joseph Campbell, while talking with Bill Moyers on a TV program, said that a religion of science was the coming worldwide religion. He didn't say when. My guess is it will be 100 years or more, after our fundamentalist colleges stop teaching such nonscientific theories as Creationism—and when they stop misleading their students.

In the 1920s, Professor Jesse Holmes of Swarthmore published an open letter inviting all scientists to join the Religious Society of Friends. We mystics at Haverford thought he was crazy, but he was on the

right track.

Science has been able to answer factually all the questions people ask of religion. Where did we come from and why? Why are we here and where are we going? What is in control? All of the answers may be corroborated by other scientists. One need no longer rely on faith. Now if anyone tells me to have faith, I know the person's argument is not based on experimental facts.

I will try to send to anyone who requests it my article "A Science of Religion," which I have submitted to a scientific journal.

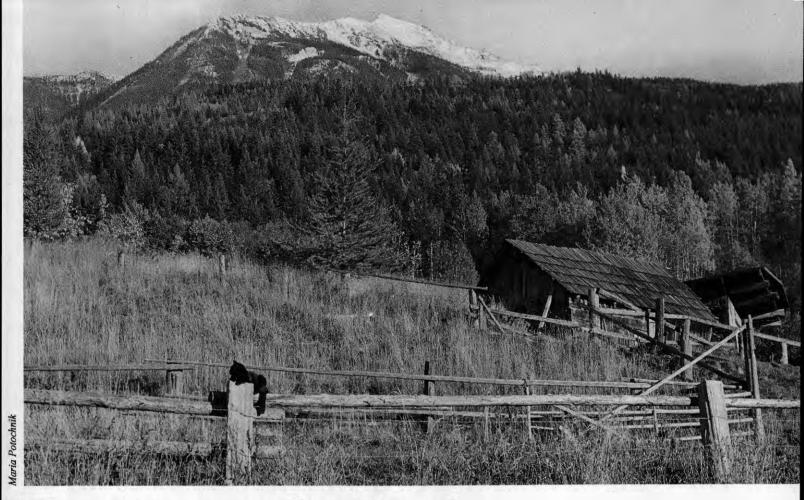
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Wrongly convicted

This is to express my profound appreciation for your publication of "Clarence Pickett and the Alger Hiss Case," by Larry Miller (FJ Nov. and Dec. 1994). I have always felt that Alger Hiss was wrongly convicted and was a symbol of our national confusion as we worked through that whole post-World War II era.

George Nicklin Garden City, N.Y.

FRIENDS JOURNAL welcomes Forum contributions. Please try to be brief so we may include as many as possible. Limit letters to 300 words, Viewpoint to 1,000 words. Addresses are omitted to maintain the authors' privacy; those wishing to correspond directly with authors may send letters to FRIENDS JOURNAL to be forwarded. Authors' names are not to be used for personal or organizational solicitation. —Eds.



Theology on the Road

by Francis E. Kazemek

s you leave Wibaux, Montana, heading east, you realize that you've been struggling with theology since Spokane, Washington. The old unanswered questions from your childhood might be ignored for years, for decades, but they are always there, like the dark, distant peaks of the Rocky Mountain front seen from the rearview mirror at sunset: Who or what is responsible for all of this endless wonder around and above you? Random, perhaps fortuitous, chance? The centrifugal fury of a big bang? The quiet and deliberate planning of an unmoved mover? What does it mean that you have lived so many years, will live so many more, and will die? You try a tally of the good you've done in your life and weigh it against the wrong. Happily, the balance is lopsided, but then your scale is not an unbiased one.

Road theology. What is it about the

road, and your traveling it alone, that leads you on to thoughts of ultimate concern? Perhaps it's the boundless space that you've been driving through, the Montana sky a cobalt-blue after rain with a double rainbow lifting you out of yourself, or the mysteries of the seemingly-empty, western Dakota landscape: the dry mesas striated in reds and grays, holding the bones of Paleozoic sea creatures. Perhaps it's your unarticulated and undemonstrated belief in Jesus as the only possible manifestation of God: William



The road is stories and poetry. Images. Metaphors. Seeing for the first time infinity in the grasshopper that rests on the back of your hand.

Blake's conception of Jesus as the "Human Imagination Divine." You remember the words of the French priest and novelist, Jean Sulivan: "Jesus supports us, he helps all wanderers, he is on the side of nomads. Heaven was his roof: 'I never lived in a house.' "God as a hobo.

The road forces you to avoid the abstract and to consider only particulars. Whoopup Creek Road leads to a particular ranch where people unlike any other live their lives, dreams, hopes, fears, loves, and hates. If you turned down that road and met those people, lived with them for

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FRIENDS JOURNAL March 1995



The things you learn on the road: lessons not found in sermons, catechisms. Bread being transformed into something holy by a pair of aged hands in a North Dakota restaurant.

years, entered into their lives as you could, you would discover stories as rich and bottomless as any in literature. And that is only one out of a countless number of roads. Theology on the road makes you abandon the head for the heart. You forsake philosophy and its systematic abstractions: the Aquinas of your youth; Tillich of your ecumenical years. You embrace the details and nuances of stories: "A certain man went down from Jerusalem to Jericho, and fell among thieves, which stripped him of his raiment, and wounded him, and departed, leaving him half dead."

The road is stories and poetry. Images. Metaphors. The re-visioning of what has become commonplace. Seeing for the first time infinity in the grasshopper that rests on the back of your hand as you rest on the bank of the Little Missouri River. "Everything that lives is holy!" Blake wrote time and again. You must open yourself to the world as a poet to feel the resonance of his affirmation. The seven white pelicans winging above you on their journey south are as full of promise as Noah's dove. The river, only inches deep here, flowing from the same ultimate source as the Jordan in which wild-eyed John stood, preached, and baptized. The gnarled juniper with its surfeit of berries and fragrance of forgiveness grows from a splinter of the cross on which Jesus hung.

Poetry inevitably leads you to the contradictions of theology: the doubts, negations, sufferings of a Jesus who despaired. Cesar Vallejo wrote, "He has just passed by, the one who will come/banished, to sit down on my triple unfolding;/he has just passed by criminally." Vallejo's cry of abandonment ends with, "He has just passed by without having come." Who is the crucified and the crucifier? The criminal? Who has been left in desolation, waiting like Beckett's tramps for a Godot who never comes? The American Indian

woman muttering incomprehensibly as she stumbles drunk out of the alley next to the restaurant you're entering for breakfast in Hebron, North Dakota, turns the toast you eat into ashes in your mouth rather than into the sweetness and promise of communion.

Hebron hails itself to travelers as the "Brick City." You think of the ancient city of Hebron on today's West Bank as you stare out of the cafe window at the abandoned storefront across the street. "Going Out of Business!" signs, turned yellow with age, still cling to the plate glass. Pieces of newspapers, styrofoam cups, leaves, and rolling weeds have gathered at the door, and there is no one to clear them away. The rust-colored brick of the building peels in hopelessness. Your coffee is bitter, and the air heavy with cigarette smoke. You feel old and futile. We are all banished, waiting for someone to come who never comes.

You are about to leave when an elderly couple sits at the table next to yours. They are both in their 80s, but she is robust while he is frail, spindle-jointed, and stiff. Farmers. They remind you of peasants in Ukraine. They place their twisted hands, broken by decades of work, on the table. She takes his palms in hers and smiles: "What do you feel like today, Honey? Pancakes? I've got a taste for



pancakes." He whispers that he wants eggs, and she squeezes his hands and nods in affirmation. The waitress comes, and the woman orders: "Oh, he'll have two eggs, poached. You'll poach them, won't you? He's got to watch his fat, you know. You've got to be careful at our age." The man's thin lips part in a grin, and he watches his wife with eyes that still glisten admiration and love.

You stay and ask the waitress for a refill as you sit in the warmth of the couple. The things you learn on the road: lessons not found in sermons, catechisms, or books recounting spiritual strivings. Theology on the road demonstrates redemption in the smallest gesture: the clasp of arthritic hands; a look of long wonder. Redemption, as the Jewish prophets tell us, is there in the turning toward God. And that turning is not dramatic; it is simple, perhaps even seemingly insignificant. Jesus told stories of farmers and fishermen, stories of sudden, daily turnings. He had a poet's eye and heart: "For whosoever will save his life shall lose it; but whosoever shall lose his life for my sake and the gospel's, the same shall save

Saving by losing. Losing by saving. Contradictions and mysteries found in poetry and the Word. All real striving toward God is imaginative and metaphoric: the priest's and preacher's empty admonition to love the universal Neighbor particularized by the man left for dead on the road to Jericho. Bread being transformed into something holy by a pair of aged hands in a North Dakota restaurant. Road theology teaches you to look past the generalities of reason. The great commandment bids you to love "your" neighbor as yourself. God only in the particular. Jesus stumbling drunk out of an alley in the form of a babbling, rheumy-eyed

As you head east you think of Kathleen Norris, who recently wrote a spiritual geography of the country through which you are passing. She tells how the land and its inhabitants, both human and nonhuman, helped her turn toward God. She writes of repentance: the recognition that we have not always seen grace where it exists in the world. The road is a place for vision. The fields of sunflowers you suddenly enter tell you that it is also a place of forgiveness. The millions of faces staring expectantly into the sun whisper blessings to you. They speak a language you cannot understand, but welcome. You repent of your blindness, and whisper back to them a poem that you love.

Recalling John Morgan



OTHERS OF THE STREETS

by John C. Morgan

here is something quite moving, and yet ironic, about the story in this morning's newspaper. It is the story of a homeless man who has spent his last four years living over a vent near a downtown restaurant. Down and out after years of being institutionalized, he has been dumped on the streets—an "enlightened" move of the "progressive" leaders in our midst who wanted to let people return to community life, whether or not they were ready.

But it was the headline over the story on an inside page of the newspaper that caught my eye:

Recalling John Morgan and Others of the Streets

The so-called "street person" had my name. He had flesh and bone and a name. He was no longer a stranger, though we had never met. All I could think of was

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Thomas Merton and his story about one day looking over a motley crowd in downtown Lexington, Kentucky, and thinking to himself not how much better he was but how similar. "Thank God, I am like other people."

That "John Morgan" in the headline could easily have been me. I know most of us think otherwise of ourselves, but I know better of myself. Literally, I could have been that street person. Only those I know well and who know my story know, too, I am telling the truth. Here I am, the author of books and the holder of a doctorate, at one time close to losing everything. "Thank God, I am like other people."

The story says that at the funeral of that other "John Morgan," someone remarked, with sadness and anger mixed, why "in the richest country in the world people are dying in the streets"? I think I know why. They are dying because we don't care

At the funeral service for that other "John Morgan"—the one I know is me as

well—a priest cried out: "Lord, how is it that I find myself sitting on the grate in this city street? How is it, Lord, that so many people pass me by, all kinds of people, all in such a hurry?"

The parable of the Good Samaritan comes to mind without much effort. Jesus tells the story of the man beaten and left by the road. Many pass by him, including a self-righteous clergyman, until one man, an outcast Samaritan, stops to bind up the wounds and provide help. And who is the neighbor, asks Jesus? The answer should be obvious: Anyone in need.

Having directed community programs before I entered the ministry, I know some of the responses government can—and cannot—make. But I fear we are entering a new stage of public policy when the answer we are prone to select is the one most narrow and mean spirited: Let the poor lift themselves up or let the churches do it.

But churches are part of the problem. Though some of the front-line troops to ease the suffering of others are members

of religious bodies, by and large it is our spiritual communities that have failed to teach us basic values of serving the neighbor in need. Our religious institutions have often failed to teach us compassion. Compassion, after all, is simply sympathetic consciousness of others' distress with a commitment to help ease the suffering.

We speak enough about serving others. It's just, I suspect, we have removed ourselves as much as possible from the points of suffering. So, we hear about "homeless people," but live far away from where we have to see them. We learn of the lonely plight of elderly persons, but find the most frail removed from our sight. And we even remove our religious institutions from the communities with the most needs so we can grow our memberships in the suburbs.

I need to remind myself that the "John Morgan" who lived on the streets is me. There is little that separates this person from me, except good luck or providence.

But even sympathetic identification with another is not enough. I must do something. I don't think any longer that I can save a city or town, though that is what I tried-and failed-to do in my younger, more activist days. But what I

can do is much more obvious, and perhaps more difficult: I need to start where I am with who I am. I need to start with the religious communities of which I

am a part and ask, just what difference do these communities really make in the lives of others? Do we exist for ourselves, to meet our needs, or do we sometimes transcend our self needs to serve the needs of others? Can we do something more direct, more touching, more simple than sending money to our denominational offices? Could we try something rather radical, such as reaching out in compassion to one other person in need?

Perhaps if there are enough Good Samaritans there will be fewer people dying on the streets. It's not a sophisticated strategy, certainly not one which in my community organizing days we called "institutional change." But it's a start, and better than more talk and no action.

If it takes an entire village to raise a child, maybe it could be said, too, that saving one child is better than simply making plans to save the whole village.



Sunday Evening

A homeless person suddenly appeared from nowhere, chanting in a cloud of steam. His fervent mumble echoed like a weird confession: one last effort to redeem a tattered soul. He rose up, offered me his cup, a styrofoam collection plate, and pleaded, in a worn-out litany, for change. But I was spent and running late: I turned my head and shunned his outstretched hand. He nodded once and gently went awaywould he have used my gift for contraband or was I witness to a Passion-play? Such consecrations cannot be complete when charity and vanity compete.

—John Tuton

Poem for Rodney King

Wild, wild roving wolves growl, quarrel until one signals surrender.

Rodney fell among a pack of men. civilized without a surrender signal. --Laura A. Evans

John Tuton began his career teaching at Germantown Friends School. Currently he is an organizational psychologist with an international consulting company. He makes his home in Philadelphia, Pa.

Laura A. Evans lives in Wisner, Nebraska, with her husband, Scott, and one-year-old son, Luke.

Joseph Sorrentino

Allowing Life

by Anthony Scola

hortly after my wife, Margaret, and I arrived in Sudan to work as volunteer teachers with Mennonite Central Committee, some colleagues asked why we had come there. It's hard to answer that kind of question seriously, especially with strangers, so Margaret brought a chuckle to all with the facetious remark, "we came to suffer." In later months, faced with the daily frustrations of adjustment and inconveniences of life there, we often saw the ironic humor in that comment and got a fresh laugh out of it. But this word suffer hounded me in Sudan, and I often thought about its hidden implications. It has two meanings: the ordinary conversational reference to undergoing severe pain, and the older meaning of allowing something to happen, as we see in Jesus' admonition, "suffer the little children to come to me.

We were surrounded by pain and misery in Sudan. Under an extremist, fanatical, religious government, those who dare to dissent live in fear of political reprisals from the ubiquitous "security" police; dissidents are likely to be harassed, jailed, and tortured, or simply to disappear. The ordinary citizen lives with an economy in shambles, shortages of food and basic household commodities, frequent cuts or total unavailability of electricity and water, a complete lack of medical services and supplies, and constant illness, including dysentery, malaria, TB, and leprosy. In spite of all this, the Sudanese manage to be the most generous, friendly, hospitable people you will ever meet.

These are people who suffer greatly. Some sit back passively and accept it all without question as the will of Allah. Others struggle against unimaginable odds to try to improve their condition. But I'm a true Westerner faced with the cultural conflict between taking control of one's destiny and learning to accept life as it is. It bothers me that some people just shrug their shoulders and let everything happen; this is too fatalistic and uninvolved

Anthony Scola and his wife are still working with Mennonite Central Committee, currently as volunteers in Hindman, Kentucky, where they tutor adults in basic literacy and GED preparation.

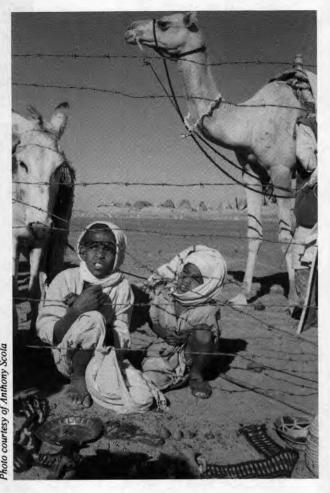
with life. On the other hand, since we cannot control everything that happens, we must learn to accept what will be. I can't much see the point in undergoing pain for its own sake, but I certainly see the wisdom of allowing life to happen, of accepting whatever has to be. In other words, it's not important that we experience pain, but since we do, it is important that we accept it as part of life.

I learned many things during our stay in Africa, including surprises about myself. Influenced by Sudan, I understand better how people are able to "allow" life to be, to take it as all one piece. Impatience with the slow rhythms of living has always made me crave immediate change. However, I have begun to learn the value of accepting while doing.

I leave my house and see a beggar woman a few doors down. Emaciated, dressed in the scant remains of what was once a house dress, she cradles a child somewhere between a few months and a few years old-impossible to tell. He is a piece of gray-black skin stretched over a feeble skeleton; his wide eyes make no tears, her open mouth makes no sound. I go back inside to return with a banana, some pieces of bread, a few peanuts: a feast. On the eightblock walk to the bus stop, I see 20 more in her situation. Some are ancients with no family to

care for them, some children, playful but dying; many are lame or disfigured, lepers, war victims, outcasts.

The ever-practical industrialized American, I'm so glad I was able to share a small part of my abundance with that woman. But you know what? I'm sure she's dead by now. It is easy for me to do the little, kind acts that salve my ethical sense, but very hard to accept the greater demand that is not, cannot be, met. Some things were easier to accept than others. I'm more proficient at waiting patiently in lines, more resourceful in dealing with



Influenced by Sudan, I understand better how people are able to "allow" life to be, to take it as all one piece.

power and water cuts, and I've learned how few material things I need to live and work peacefully. But I'm not very good at nurturing the seedlings of consciousness, waiting for justice to be born, trusting that the essentially positive human spirit will lead us to do what has to be done.

I never suffered in Sudan, in the ordinary sense, but I have started to learn how to allow life to happen as it will. I am grateful for the introductory lesson of this experience. Now if I can only learn to wait and see where it will lead.

Old Questions, New Answers

by Charmaine Seitz

Quaker education is at the heart of what Friends do. It is one way that we nurture ourselves and present our beliefs to others. As a student, and as a Quaker, I have become deeply concerned with the message that we, as a Euro-centered religion, are sending to people of color through our schools and other institutions. What we believe we are saying may not be at all what is being heard. I want to present the tensions between the Quaker ideal and a diverse reality, and how that tension translates into relationships and institutions. In drawing attention to Earlham, I aim to draw attention to the basic beliefs of Quakerism. For me, a young white woman looking at a very divided world, this is about my future. In bringing this to my Quaker family, I hope it will be clear that the questions I raise are about our future as well.

arlham College is known nationwide, even worldwide, for its commitment to issues of peace and justice. Its strong Japanese Studies Program is based upon an open-door policy to Japanese Americans interned in camps during World War II. Its off-campus programs to Jerusalem and Northern Ireland are well-known for their in-depth discussion of conflict and inequality. Well rooted in Quaker faith and practice, for some the school has been a model of intercultural relations.

Yet, for many of a younger generation facing wounds that refuse to heal, that Quaker philosophy doesn't seem to hold the answer anymore. This discontent with the old ways became clear at Earlham when last year's decision not to renew the tenure track contract of a female African American Quaker professor struck a nerve in the student body. Realizing that her leaving would remove three courses from an already small selection of African-American studies classes, deplete women's studies, and silence a voice urging diversity on the humanities staff, stu-

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An Earlham Student's
Perspective on the
Multicultural Challenge
to Quakerism

dents' anger and frustration ran deep.

This frustration wasn't new. Its intensity was built on a long history of grievances between students and the Earlham administration. In 1976 an African-American student wrote in the Earlham Post, "They [the administration] are trying their best to estrange these blacks from their own identity and individuality under a cloak of community love. They are trying their best to assimilate us into their 'community,' expecting us to receive but not give to the total picture."

Beyond this feeling of exclusion, students today point to institutional problems within Earlham. One major complaint is with the college's recruitment. They say that many recruited black students are Midwestern athletes, reinforcing a set view of African-American students. They wonder why Latino students aren't from Eastern urban centers rather than the West Coast.

The recruitment of faculty also has its critics. Earlham's three affirmative action classifications are Quakers, African Americans, and women, narrowing staff actively sought to a thin margin.

In addition, students of color feel their issues are marginalized within the curriculum. Sankari Muralidharan, a Junior Biology major, says,

A lot of people think that diversity can't find its way into science because it's all about facts; I think that's wrong. People need to think about diversity within the class itself—how does the lack of minority science professors affect the class and myself? Secondly, people need to look more closely at the ethics of science; students who take science courses fail to realize how it affects people. Look at the Tuskegee Institute experiments where 400 black males were unknowingly injected with live syphilis and then carried it home to their wives. Finally, who is being taught what? There are so many historical scientists of color out there who are being excluded.

She says that for Earlham to be truly

diverse, all of these levels must be addressed.

In other disciplines, Earlham does better, yet still fails to integrate diversity into the full curriculum. General English courses such as "Poetry" rarely include writers of color. For that, one must take the lone "Introduction to African-American Literature." When non-European cultures are included, they are usually those outside the United States.

In the past, students have attempted to come together over these issues. Every four years, Earlham spends approximately \$14,000 on a May Day celebration, a full day of events styled after England of the Middle Ages. In 1993, 40 students demonstrated, saying that an International Springfest would be more fitting to the Quaker spirit. In the end, even though international "villages" were set up, the main theme remained English.

It was only last school year that student attempts to organize resulted in the Multicultural Alliance. The brainchild of then-seniors Jonathon Peck and Jeremy LaHurd, the Alliance is meant to function as a network for the support of multicultural concerns. The organization is based on a combined philosophy of "multi-culturalism, anti-racism, and interacial community," values selected to fully address today's complex race and ethnicity concerns.

Once the Alliance heard of Earlham's decision not to renew the contract of an African-American faculty member, it began to distribute orange ribbons to be worn, as one member put it, "for all the faculty of color here, and all the faculty of color who should be here." In an attempt to address the tide of questions and disapproval, academic dean Len Clark called an all-campus meeting to discuss the processes behind the faculty member's contract not being renewed, without mentioning specific details of the case. The evening was winding down when one student said, "Everyone is dancing around this word and I just want to say it. Everything that we are talking about tonight has a name-institutional racism." Whether the firing was based on racist attitudes or not, many students felt it was only the product of the Earlham climate.

On May 3, 1994, the Alliance called



an all-student meeting to discuss possible action. Over 130 students came, a record number for an on-campus student body of approximately 900 students. Those attending discussed how to improve Earlham's multicultural climate in three realms-curriculum, faculty/administration, and student life. These concerns later became a refined set of "demands." As to this wording, Peck says, "We had no choice-if they were delivered as 'needs,' they would have been filed away with the 1986 Student Government Association Minority Report done by the school. We were repackaging similar needs from the last 30 or 40 years into a way that would be listened to."

Ten days later, these demands were presented to the administration. Some of the demands were: to restructure the humanities program so that multiculturalism would be central and place the texts read in a context that would give that culture historical meaning; add a question to course evaluations that would allow students to address multicultural content; hire an African-American woman with similar qualifications to fill the recently opened position; reach the three-year goal of 20 percent full-time faculty of color; re-evaluate decision-making processes; and create a permanent Multicultural Center with a full-time director, separate budget, and part-time staff. The center would provide anti-racism and cultural sensitivity training sessions for administration, faculty, staff, and students. Each demand was set up with a timetable for compliance. The introduction explained that students expected to discuss their implementation with the administration, the "deadline for serious consideration" being a week later.

The following Tuesday, the Alliance received a letter from Len Clark, academic dean. He wrote,

At Earlham we have chosen to work on [these problems | together, seeking the wisdom each can bring to the discussions, and trying to remain open to new ways of looking at the problems and open to each other. Our method has not been we/they; it has not embraced the notion that decisions are the result of "demands," of negotiations between enemies or adversaries. . . the stance of deadlines seems to imply that you do not wish us to use the criteria for hiring that have been established over time. . . rather, the rest of us should respond to your threatening language and make your judgments of appropriate percentages, regardless of other considerations, the basis of our decision making. IS THIS WHAT YOU MEAN TO BE SAYING?

Alliance members were disappointed. They had hoped a response would address the demands, not the legitimacy of their language.

When asked about steps taken to remedy the student complaints, the administration points to past grants to diversify faculty training. Students say this is great, but it is not enough. Grants are "soft money," funding that fails to create permanent solutions and relegates multiculturalism to a few select classes, rather than weaving it throughout the

whole curriculum. However, school officials point out, permanency means cash on hand. In a school Earlham's size, tenure-track positions are rarely opened, and a gain in one department means a loss to another.

Students acknowledge that money is an issue; they are fully aware that Earlham is not need-blind. Yet, they believe Earlham must prioritize for a changing world where cultural awareness is of the utmost importance. Most curricular suggestions would not cost the school anything, they say. When the administration points out that faculty makes curricular changes with student input, students say that somehow this isn't working and diversification must be on the administrative agenda for it to be on the school's agenda.

As these events unfolded, I found myself puzzled by the school's staunch resistance. It must be said that Earlham is not a "bad" school, nor a failure at diversity; the point is that its claims to being an accepting, inclusive community are being challenged. Although the administration says it wants to work on this together, it seems to have taken little to no initiative in constructive action or even approval. If what students say is correct, they have been working within the school's language for a while without change. If what the school says is true, then to change a few words would allow them to embrace the Alliance's ideas. Neither says great things about the administration's attitude.

Perhaps insight can be found in an open letter to the Alliance from former president and board member Landrum Bolling. In the letter, Bolling cites many Quaker deeds, saying, "We are not late-comer converts to the virtues of multiculturalism." He then goes on to list the difficulties of providing the Alliance requests: the remoteness of Earlham from urban centers; the difficulty of finding faculty that fits the Earlham community; the evidence that "what most African-American students believe speaks to their needs and desires is not more courses in African-American studies. . . , but access to and assistance in performing well in the liberal studies"; and, of course, money. He fears that "courses in homosexual studies and woman's studies are likely to have the unintended consequences of widening, not closing, the gaps among differing groups within the Earlham community."

Bolling's focus, it seems to me, says something clear about Quaker values of the past. It is evident that Friends have historically focused on the tenets of anti-

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racism, not, as Bolling says, multiculturalism. Lawrence A. Blum, in "Anti-Racism, Multiculturalism and Interracial Community: Three Education Values for a Multicultural Society," explains the difference. "Anti-racism is grounded in the idea of the equal dignity of all persons and of the consequent wrongness of any group dominating or suppressing any other. Equal dignity is a value rooted in sameness among persons; a humanity shared by all persons." He goes on to say that non-Jewish rescuers of Jews during the Holocaust rarely "showed an appreciation of Jewishness as a cultural form having value in its own right. The rescuees were seen as having dignity independent of, and even despite their Jewishness."

This outlook sounds very familiar to me, and I think to all of the times that Quakers around me have talked about "looking past our differences." In our long history of valuing each person on the basis of their inner light, this approach seems to have worked. We are certainly well known for it.

Yet, when I think of my own Friends meeting and then of Earlham's atmosphere, I know that something is missing.

I want to know why my meeting has never attracted more than a handful of

people of color, although we meet in a large urban area. I want to know why every year at Philadelphia Yearly Meeting, nearly all of the faces around me are white. I need to know why being at Earlham as a person of color could be more frustrating than being at a non-Ouaker institution. I need to know why we are still talking about language when people are hurt-

Maybe it's time that we acknowledge our dif-

ferences. You are only in a true position to share once you acknowledge that someone else has something of value, someone else has something else to give. As Blum writes, "multiculturalism calls for a respect for cultures, not in spite of their differences from oneself, but precisely for those differences." The two work hand-in-hand; as multiculturalism fosters appreciation, anti-racism acknowledges power inequities.

In recognizing the difference between anti-racism and multiculturalism, the lines that have been drawn at Earlham, intentionally or not, become more understandable. The administration, I believe, is working in confusion to protect the only way it knows, befuddled that someone is saying that this just isn't enough anymore. Students, on the other hand, are pushing hard to weave a new philosophy into the workings of the old, without understanding that the way that seems so clear to them—the introduction of a multicultural ethos-is so different from old schools of thought. As long as those perspectives remain undefined, the two are destined to lock horns, even if other differences are smoothed over.

Knowing what I do about the painful state of U.S. race relations, knowing that I graduated from an urban high school with only half the students I started with, and knowing that dreams can only be deferred so long, I can't help but feel that anti-racist efforts must be combined with multicultural education. In a country where racism is illegal on the books and the remaining legacy of slavery and colonialism only remain in people's hearts, it would seem that if we learn to value our differing backgrounds it will be that much easier to find the point where our journeys merge. As a nation, by not verbaliz-



ing our plurality and rejoicing in it, we defy the very human aspect of history. As a religion, we avoid the challenges of a dwindling young membership when we refuse to look at new ways of defining our common humanity. As the Earlham community, by denying a past that has been successful and a future that needs more diverse solutions, we refuse to really see each other. There will be no true Earlham community until each "side" is brave enough to accept what the other has to give.

by Richard J. Wood

Recently a student at the Earlham School of Religion, a Friend who is also a physician with a good bit of experience, made the comment that he knew of no other place in which this much diversity is also constructive. In this sentence, he captured the challenge of multiculturalism for Friends colleges—and indeed for Friends meetings: How can we increase diversity, while keeping that diversity constructive?

A closely related question is how to increase diversity without losing identity as a Friends college. Diversity, as Charmaine Seitz points out in her article, requires respecting cultural differences, including their differences from us in valuing people because they are people, because we are called to respond to that of God in every person. Important as it is, it is not enough simply to be against racism; we have to be for a mutually respectful

cultural diversity.

To achieve a constructive diversity, we have to become multicultural individuals as well as a multicultural society. A multicultural individual is a person who can function in more than one culture, who has developed empathy and understanding for cultures other than her native one. Most Americans of European descent, unless the children of immigrants or immigrants themselves, have little understanding of how our society has placed the burden of becoming multicultural individuals on people of color. As a price of success in U.S. society, we have

unconsciously placed the burden of cultural adaptation to white, middle-class ways on everyone else. Similarly, women feel pressured to emulate some of the worst features of a traditionally maledominated culture. Women of all colors, and men who are other than white, often feel with justice that they are "damned if

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Constructive Diversity

The challenge:
to increase diversity
without losing
the Quaker identity

they do and damned if they don't"—pressured to behave in ways traditional among white men and then criticized as inauthentic if they succeed, or as self-alienating if they fail. As a manager, I find it particularly frustrating and disheartening when I encounter women who don't want to work for other women, feeling that a woman manager will be "worse than a man" in the ways men are so often bad.

Beyond continuing the struggle to end racism and sexism, those of us who were socialized from birth into mainstream U.S. culture need especially to become multicultural, to learn to understand, respect, and develop empathy with the ways of those of other backgrounds. We need to work, play, and worship with people from other cultures on their turf, deliberately becoming minorities for a time so we can learn cultural empathy. As I was worshiping in a wonderful African-American church recently, I could not help thinking how few European Americans have that experience.

We must not think developing this kind of multicultural orientation is primarily a matter of race; those of other backgrounds might be Hassidic Jews, Armenians, Muslims from various cultures (for it would be a big mistake to assume all Muslims share a common culture, any more than all Jews or Christians do), African Americans from various backgrounds, Afro-Caribbeans from various countries, Mexican Americans, Cuban Americans, etc. In short, as the 1976 student quoted by Charmaine Seitz said, we have to learn to receive as well as give, to listen as well as speak

A community is only multicultural to the extent that it allows diverse groups to contribute to it. Just allowing diverse groups to live in it does not make a community truly diverse or multicultural. But this openness to diverse contributions does not take place in a vacuum, for each community and institution has a history and an identity, elements of which will be changed by such openness. Sometimes that process of change is very painful, sometimes rather easy. The current debate about prayer in the public schools is a good illustration, for many people feel real pain at losing that custom, but have also not yet come to terms with the extent to which it was based on the assumption that everybody was a Protestant. Here in Indiana, one of our Quaker centers, Plainfield, has also become the headquarters for a major Muslim group. What

would school prayer, beyond a period of silence, entail for Plainfield?

Opening to multicultural contributions requires a community or institution to become clearer about its basic identity. In its nearly 150 years, Earlham College has moved from providing a "guarded" education to the children of Indiana Friends to being a national lib-

eral arts college providing to a very diverse student body of young adults an education based in Quaker understandings of responding to that of God in every person, respect for the consciences of others, peaceful resolution of conflicts, and simplicity.

As President David Edwards pointed out in 1917, to be a good Quaker college, Earlham must first be a good college. Learning and teaching are at the heart of what we do, so we should not retain a faculty member unless that person is an excellent teacher no matter what other qualities they bring to their work, no matter whether they be Quaker, or represent important ethnic or racial diversity. Earlham affirmatively seeks as faculty people of color, women, and Friends, but we must not have a double standard in hiring and retention.

The same point applies to students: When Earlham faculty and students see a Quaker, or a woman, or a person of color, or a football player in their class, there must be no justification for thinking that person to be less qualified than are other students. Otherwise we contribute to reverse racism, sexism, and classism.

Being a Quaker college need not make us less welcoming to persons of other religions, as long as they understand they are being welcomed into a Quaker institution. A Quaker college must be able to hold meeting for worship without apology or embarrassment, for example. We must resist the cultural temptation to think



that only the secular is welcoming. Enforced secularity—marginalization of religion to the private, the socially irrelevant—is hardly welcoming to me, a pacifist, Quaker Christian. But Earlham has found good ways to be welcoming to our Jewish students, through establishing a house, Beit Kehillah, to serve as a worship and cultural center, and through providing a Jewish studies concentration. In different ways, we are working to be welcoming to our Muslim, Buddhist, and Bahai students.

Being a Quaker college does, of course, set some limits, limits without which our diversity would be destructive rather than constructive. Skinheads and neo-Nazis represent a racist ideology that is the enemy of constructive diversity. Anti-Semitism in all its forms is too often the leading edge of racism, and not acceptable at Earlham. People who are unwilling to seek peaceful resolution of conflicts, who are willing to use violence to

settle arguments, make constructive diversity impossible.

Properly understood, multiculturalism is good, but multiculturalism can take on an undesirable and unhealthy cast if:

•it becomes narrowly political, so that only certain kinds of black or hispanic students, for example, count as "multicultural." To use an example from the current Earlham faculty, both an African professor of Spanish and an African-American professor of German make an important multicultural contribution. But because one is African and one is African-American, one is male and one is female, they have different roles to play and different contributions to make to constructive diversity, as in fact both do: •it becomes a euphemism for racial issues only, ignoring the fact that European groups are culturally diverse, or that social class divides African Americans as much as it does European Americans. David Hackett-Fisher's excellent book, Albion's Seed, shows how multicultural in significant ways England was in the 17th century, and how that influenced diverse cultures in the United States. We need a rich, multi-racial, multi-class notion of multiculturalism;

•it becomes a guise for attacking as evil all things "European" as patriarchal or racist. European cultures have no monopoly on patriarchy or racism or violence. Tragically these are found most everywhere, as are good features of human existence such as love, justice, and altruism. Earlham celebrated Kwanza a week before Old English May Day last year. Some students in the Multicultural Alliance based their demonstration against May Day on the evils the English perpetrated on India in the 19th century—hardly relevant to a festival simply re-enacting customs of 16th-century Elizabethan England. Their demonstration was no more appropriate than would have been a protest at Kwanza because some African nations enslaved others and participated eagerly in the evils of the North American slave trade. True multiculturalism has to allow appropriate celebration of our English heritage as well, for it is in English and U.S. Quakerism that Earlham has its roots and its identity.

That Quaker identity of Earlham should continue to develop and change as we are given greater Light. Certainly including and listening to and accepting the contributions of a wider diversity of students and faculty is one way to increase our understanding of what love can do.

Looking Beyond Light and Dark

by John L. Johnson

The editor's query in the December 1994 FRIENDS JOURNAL about the appropriateness of light and dark somewhat surprises me, yet I am appreciative of the opportunity to respond. My surprise comes from the thought that in this day and age, the language of race and racism remains problematic for Friends. Throughout U.S. culture and behavior, there is racism in our language, customs, and beliefs-particularly directed toward black people, people of African heritage. This is widely recognized, yet Friends seem to cling tenaciously to the "we are just all one human race" ideology. That is what I feel is behind the tone of your query. You must be aware of how the dominant culture has used the terms black and dark to signify evil, and the terms white and light to signify purity. This information has been made available over the past 20 years by black and white scholars who have examined our lexicon and entries in our dictionaries. Black and dark seem to have few positive qualities, and white and light seem to have greater positive

Yet why does this question now come to FRIENDS JOURNAL? David Zarembka, in his letter, is correct about the "obvious racial connotation in present-day U.S. society . . .", yet in your query you ask for "enlighten-

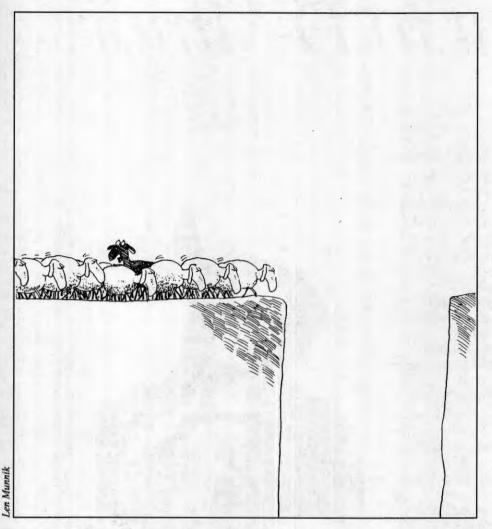
John L. Johnson, a retired college professor of education, is a member of Friends Meeting of Washington, D.C. He is the facilitator of ProcessWork DC, a multicultural and multiracial working group, an actor in DC Playback Theatre, and a student of Augusto Boal's Theatre of the Oppressed. ment." What a curious way to pose the query, given Zarembka's letter to you. It is a microinsult with profound effects on a black Ouaker like myself.

What is required, perhaps, is some "endarkenment"—not just to be able to be "Friendly" in the political sense, but to help Friends to be more vigilant about the microinsults and microaggressions around race that exist within the Society of Friends in the good old U.S. of A.

To begin endarkenment, I ask that you take a look at the "cartoon" of the sheep published in the May 1, 1985, FRIENDS JOURNAL [see facing page]. I find this picture very descriptive of my own meeting when it comes to race relations and ways to address white privilege in the Society of Friends. The picture also describes a great deal of my experience as a member of Ministry and Worship and my observations of Quaker organizations over several years. That is one reason why we have formed Friends of African Descent.

I feel strongly that Friends, as a Society, have not moved very much beyond what Friend Barrington Dunbar described in his "A Quaker Speaks from the Black Experience," published in 1970. Dunbar, in his talk that October at the Earlham School of Religion's Tenth Anniversary dinner, spoke of "Friends and the White Backlash." He spoke of having to constantly remind Friends of "the violence of racial discrimination which has prevented a whole race of people in America from achieving self-respect and self-fulfillment..."

Reading Dunbar today reminds me of what Yogi Berra said: "It's déjà vu all over again." We live in a time where Friends remain essentially silent (in their mostly lily-white meetings) while the IQ controversy is tearing at the dignity of



people of African heritage; and in times where a young white woman can accuse a black man of kidnapping her children, and black men up and down the East Coast are subjected to stop-and-question procedures by the police.

We have more black men in prison than in college, and more than 43 percent of those not in prison are unemployed.

More than 60 percent of black children live in poverty. Schools serving black children are inadequate and are increasingly becoming places for the Department of Defense to place military academies.

And while the dominant press spreads the ideology of "let's be sensitive to the angry white men," the Republican Party's Contract with America could lead to more suffering among people of color, who have been more significantly disadvantaged in this society. If the Contract with America is an example of enlightened social policy, I don't want any of it. In my

view it is just another example of the dominance of white privilege. But I'm only speaking from the perspective of one who grew up behind the color line, which everyone knows exists in present-day U.S.A.

During the civil rights movement of the '60s, whenever something strong came up—like the specter of violence—there was always a call for "responsible black leadership" to step forward. Black people are hurting in a way like never before and are subjected to new, more genteel forms of personal, cultural, and institutional racism. It is in our language, customs, beliefs, fears, work, schools, and sports—and in our beloved Society of Friends. Something can be done to change this situation, but where is the responsible white leadership?

What we people of the darker hue can do without in this struggle is words and meetings, and the propensity of Friends to go about doing good, especially where there is lots of going about. Where is the responsible white leadership that will contract black, hispanic, and Asian trainers to provide Unlearning Racism Workshops within the Society of Friends?

And where is the responsible white leadership within FRIENDS JOURNAL that might print the House of Bishops of the Episcopal church statement, "The Sin of Racism" (or the Bahais' statement, "The Vision of Racial Unity")? How about doing some Friendly investigative journalism to bring the particular forms of racism in Friends schools and organizations to light?

And where is the responsible white leadership within the Society of Friends that will work to fund Barrington Dunbar's Black Development Fund in redemption to the promise once made to our dear brother? Where is the responsible white leadership that will help Friends look beyond *light* and *dark* and into race and racism in the Society of Friends?

I realize that some may proclaim "we are doing this and that" or "Friends have always been . . ."; but if we limit our "sensitivity" to a debate over whether or not to use light or dark in FRIENDS JOURNAL, we miss the opportunity for deeper understanding that will help us rid ourselves of what has been called America's original sin—white racism.

Where is the responsible white leadership? How can we work together to change the present situation and help make it more hospitable for people like me?

Lament in D-Minor

by John Samuel Tieman

A PRAYER FOR PEACE

I attended a series of interfaith prayer services this past year in St. Louis, Mo., which took place at a variety of places of worship—a mosque, a synagogue, a number of Christian churches, and others. During the first of these services, I heard the story of Vedran Smailovic, the story retold in my introduction and poem on this page. I was so moved by the story that I wrote the poem.

I ran into Paul Olson, a Ph.D. student at Washington University, who once played cello with the Des Moines Symphony. Together we created a performance piece, which became the signature piece for the remaining interfaith prayer services. That piece essentially overlays the written work with Albinoni's Adagio.

This work, "Lament in D-minor," which is about ten minutes long, was filmed by a Croatian, R.T. Radanovic, at Webster University. It was then taken to Zagreb by another Croatian, Miro Cutric, a doctor

at Barnes Hospital.

At 8:30 p.m. on June 13 and 15, 1994, it played on a prime-time show on Zagreb's Channel 3, a show I've been told has the name "In Medias Reis." (I am no Latin scholar, but I wonder if this should be "In Medius Res," which would mean something like "in the middle of truth," or, more poetically, "the heart of the matter"? I wouldn't know.) The show is a talk-show concerning religion and philosophy, which is of great interest in the former Yugoslavia, because free discussion of these subjects was essentially suppressed for so long. I have been told that the show will play in Sarajevo too, if it hasn't already, and that copies of the tape and the text are to be presented to Vedran Smailovic. The work was shown with subtitles in Serbo-Croatian translation.

At least in part, this performance piece is designed to show how people of different faiths—I am Catholic, and Paul is Bahai—can work together and pray together in peace.

—Iobn Samuel Tieman



A recent newsletter out of Bangor,
Pennsylvania, carried the following story:

Vedran Smailovic is a cellist for the Sarajevo Symphony. One day last May at about 4 o'clock in the afternoon, 22 people were killed . . . by mortar fire while standing in line outside a bakery there. For the next 22 days Vedran Smailovic brought his chair and cello to that deserted street at 4 p.m., and with . . . shells crashing around him, played Albinoni's *Adagio* to honor each person who had died.

These are the facts.

However, neither my colleague, Paul Olson, nor I feel that the mere facts convey the sorrow. Nor are the mere facts a prayer for peace. For, in the last analysis, all war comes down to a particular sorrow and a particular prayer.

My name is John Samuel Tieman. With a poem, which I wrote, entitled "Lament in D-minor," I will accompany Paul Olson as he plays Albinoni's *Adagio*.

[the music begins]

On the side-street outside a bakery, every day for 22 days at 4 p.m. in May 1993, Vedran Smailovic, a cellist in the Sarajevo Symphony, played Albinoni's *Adagio* for his brother plus 21 others killed by a mortar shell.

Today it's all silence, the place where the words must go. A wail's dimenuendo to a gasp that never needs an explanation, that never knows another note, another measure.

Like when there is only a hush with a single lyric string praying this is the way we practice sorrow, this is the way we practice death:

22. 22. The number ulcerates itself. As a breeze tersely testifies to the space between the pain and the adagio in the street, it makes us yearn for the definition of implosion:

22. 22. The number multiplies each lament. There was once a time for a theory of tragedy, how each crescendo culminates in the *Phaedo* praying, "How can we believe anything again?"

22. Perhaps it means nothing, the number.
Perhaps the sorrow we know today is only a prelude to the adagio we all call home, that place where all the brothers and all their friends are lined

up against the wall, this wall that is the outline for our sorrow. Perhaps all sorrow is just a shell aimed at all our side-streets where we are all lined up for some bread, a chat, a song of someone's brother.

A song in which slowly, slowly we pray, pray for another day, another road, another brother, for this we pray.

A writer of both poetry and prose, John Samuel Tieman teaches at Lindenwood College. He attends the St. Francis Xavier College Church and is a Ph. D. student at St. Louis University.

Dealing With Rape as a Family

by Kate Kerman

In Media, Pa., in 1987, it's the middle of the night and I'm asleep in my room, or should I say me and my brother Jesse's room. My name is Hannah Rose Kerman, I'm 11 years old, or at least I was in 1987. Now I'm 18 and I don't live anywhere near Pennsylvania. Anyway, I'm asleep in the little room at the end of the hall and I wake up with a hand over my mouth, a knife in my back, and someone saying "Be quiet or I'll kill you." I look up at him. He's black with a bandanna over the lower half of his face and he looks pretty strong. I nod my head and he lets me go and tells

me to lie down. I do. I think to myself this can't be happening to me. He takes off my underpants and undoes his pants. He starts pushing into me. (IT HURTS) I just lie there and think to myself Jesse please

don't wake up, just don't wake up. At some point the man asks me if I've done this before. I shake my head no. He stops what he was doing and makes me open my mouth. A little later he stops that too and pulls up his pants and says that I should count to 100 and not tell anyone. He leaves. I count to 50, wake my brother up, and tell him to get Mama. He goes.

Mama comes into the room and I say very calmly I was raped. She asks me if it was a bad dream. (I don't remember if I'm crying or not.) I say no it was not a dream and that I don't know if the man is gone.

Papa goes down to see if the man is

still here. Papa finds my underpants and that the front window screen is ripped open.

He comes back up and tells us this and Mama says that we have to call the police.

knew the word rape

and what it meant.

She didn't assume it

was her fault, so she

The rest of the day and the next week I do not remember very well, but I do remember sleeping on my parents' floor and playing the piano. Finally I told Mama and Papa that it was okay to tell certain people that I trusted. My family did not push me to talk about it to them or a counselor, and they let me call all the shots.

One thing I remember clearly is me sitting at the piano with sunlight spilling through the door and some Friends from meeting corning in and giving me big hugs and some pretty little cards.

In the nearly eight years since the rape I have gone from a quiet, withdrawn young girl to a woman who speaks her life story for all to hear and with no shame. The process I went through to get to where I am today was very hard and I would not be where I am if it were not for my family, who were and are so supportive.

-Hannah Kerman



Hannah Kerman

n a few minutes, the violent act of a single individual presented our family with a challenge that has brought both pain and healing to

us and many other people. I do not know why this terrible event happened, but I do know we were very much guided in our response to it. Now, nearly eight years later, it is possible for me to look back and celebrate the places where we were led to an approach that has resulted in healing rather than added hurt.

The first blessing was that Hannah

was able to talk to us about it.

The second blessing was that, although I dearly wanted this to be a nightmare, I assumed it was true, or worth acting as if it were true. Then I sought information, and Hannah's story was confirmed. How many young women have been denied

the truth of their stories in similar situations?

I was clear that we had to call the police in case we could prevent this from happening to someone else, so we started out by communicating to other people and taking responsibility for the welfare of others. This has helped anchor the experience in reality. Hannah went to the hospital to get checked by a doctor and to do an identikit picture for the police. Other than that, Hannah has had control over the communication about this event. My husband Ed and I told her we had to tell a few people so we could get the

support we needed, but we let her okay our selection of people.

Hannah was raped early on a Sunday morning. A friend of ours came to sit with her and Jesse as they slept for many hours while Ed, Ada (my oldest daughter), and I went to Meeting. I sat in the silence feeling foolish and angry at myself because I simply could not rid myself of the line from the musical Fantasticks: "The kind of rape you get depends on what you pay." Two days later, it was suddenly borne in upon me that I wasn't being frivolous. This was in fact a message from God. The response we made to this rape would determine what place it held in our lives, and if we paid with clear intention and hard work, it could become a point of healing rather than destruction for our family and other people. We are not victims of the events in our lives. God can work through anything that happens, if we are willing to listen.

The whole family slept together for several nights. Although we had not been in the habit of locking our door in this neighborhood, we began locking it.

Kate and Ed Kerman are on the faculty at the Meeting School in Rindge, N.H. Ed serves on the board of Friends Committee on National Legislation and is recording clerk of Manadnock (N.H.) Meeting. Kate is recording clerk of Friends General Conference and chair of the National Coalition of Alternative Community Schools. Hannah Kerman is a senior at The Meeting School, clerk of the Student Meeting, and a member of the school's Ministry and Counsel Committee. She intends to be a vet or wildlife biologist.

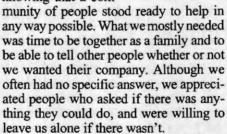
Hannah and I tossed and turned for two nights, and finally I asked the family if we could stop locking the door. For me, it underlined a sense of fear and lack of safety which could never be appeased by locks. The rapist had in any case assumed that our door was locked and broken in through the screen. I had to face the lack of safety in the physical realm and remember the safety that God holds for us in order to move on with my life. I slept better with the door unlocked, and so did Hannah.

Almost immediately, I had to make a stand on how I expected this traumatic event to affect Hannah's life. Hannah had been a hard child for me to raise; before she was two. Ed and I were taking a parenting class because she was so intense. By the time she was 11, I had surrendered any idea I ever had of predicting her responses or controlling her behavior, and had started seriously listening to and respecting her intuitions about what was best for her. I marvelled in those first few hours at her fortitude in dealing with the doctor and the police and at the internal wisdom which led her to go back to the bed on which she was raped and sleep for hours and hours. I knew very soon that Hannah would make this an occasion of healing not only for herself but for many other people, and I have consistently acted on that knowledge and shared that conviction with her. This vision has sustained me through years when she couldn't be upstairs alone, when she wouldn't stop other people from taking advantage of her, when she couldn't speak up for her own needs, when she was afraid to try new things.

Each of us was in charge of our own healing process. As a family we went once to a counselor at Women Against Rape. She affirmed our decision to give Hannah control over communication and told us we were a strong, capable family. She also verified that it is rare for a stranger to enter a house and rape someone they don't know, which made life less scary for us. I sought a lot of peer counseling and Therapeutic Touch. Ed and Ada have also done some peer counseling. Jesse has yet to talk much about his feelings. Over the years, Hannah has mainly used the resources of adults and students at The Meeting School, and the book Courage to Heal as tools for recovery. So we haven't pushed for specific ways to work on this event in our lives. However, the rape was never denied as part of our family history. We mention the fact that it happened, or date things from before or after the rape when we talk as a family.

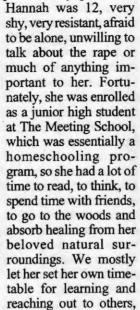
After four days, Hannah gave us permission to tell Media Meeting as a whole what had happened. We were clear that

we needed to process this happening without the strain of helping other people process it. We called someone at Meeting to share our news, and sent along with the information a request that people not talk to us about it unless we initiated the conversapeople who needed scounseling seek it from other meeting members. We were very much nurtured is by food brought to us, by prayers, and by knowing that a com-



It is relatively easy to write about this more than seven years later and to see what we did right. At the time, of course, we felt confused, shocked, frustrated, and angry. Most of the people we knew were wonderful. Some were frustrated and anxious when we wouldn't tell them what was going on because it was Hannah's right to decide who heard about it. One woman pestered me and pestered me and finally said she just had to know if Hannah had AIDS, since Hannah played with this woman's son. I told her no in as civil a manner as I could muster, and after she left I raged and pounded on things and pictured her being torn from limb to limb. What insensitivity and ignorance! Raging about her really helped. I think my anger was directed at a person I might reasonably expect to be careful of me, and that is perhaps why to this day I do not feel especially angry at the rapist, since I had no prior relationship that would lead me to expect any consideration from this man. Over the years, my anger is directed more generally at a society that allows the kind of damage to young men that makes them want to rape women. I have come to accept that anger as appropriate, as are any other feelings that arise.

Within a year of the rape, our family moved to The Meeting School, where Ed and I had accepted faculty positions.



and her natural wisdom allowed a gradual opening up.

In August of 1989, two years after the rape, our family was at yearly meeting. Hannah was sick and, as usual, uncomfortable with her peer group. She clung to Ed, who was working with the elementary school children. She looked far older than 13, and some people who saw her with Ed at first thought she was his wife. They were shocked to find out she was his daughter and began to question whether Ed and Hannah were in an incestuous relationship. As far as we can make out, the handholding, cuddling, and hugs which are a normal part of our family and community life, were misconstrued, along with the signals that Hannah was sending out to trained observers that she was the victim of sexual abuse. Two staff members of the children's program felt concerned enough to work on finding a way to confront Ed and me, which led (after a two-month delay) to a meeting between them and us, facilitated by two members of our meeting's Ministry and Counsel Committee.

There were many things that did not feel right or good about this meeting, but I want to affirm the basic intention behind it, which was to make sure that Hannah was safe. Having been in the position myself of reporting physical abuse to the authorities, I know how awkward it feels to step into a family's life. Our Friends meetings often do not have experience or guidelines on how to do this well. (See page 23 for the conclusions I have reached



Kate Kerman

from my experience on how to proceed in a loving and Friendly fashion.)

Ed and I had had a lot of experience with meetings for confrontation. We use them frequently at The Meeting School. From that knowledge, we took a support person to the meeting. We also took Hannah, because we felt that the meeting was about her and she deserved to hear what was being said. She also took a support person. Our meeting made no provisions to offer us support, and from where we sat the M & C mem-

bers seemed to be siding with the confronters rather than offering neutral facilitation. The emotional damage from



From left: Ada, Kate, Hannah, Jesse, and Ed Kerman

that lack of support by the meeting is gradually being healed after five years, but it was significant.

cared

. . . reminders that we cared

It is upsetting to be unable to protect my child from great fear and pain, but I can still help her to recover, to grow from being a survivor back to full personhood. One of the things our daughter Hannah needed was clear control over important parts of her own life. She also needed reminders that important people in her life still cared for her.

I've always found it difficult to express affection, but I have tried to grow in that direction. When Hannah needed hugs, I gave hugs—awkward as that seemed for me. When "experts" told me I was behaving inappropriately with my daughter, I knew they were wrong. If anything, I was

not telling her enough how much I loved her. But it was frighteningly easy to respond by shutting down. Whenever I am in a situation where a hug would be appropriate, I think "people will call this abuse" and often shy away. I have friends I really enjoy being with who habitually greet others with a kiss on the cheek, but when they approach me I recoil.

It is now at least twice as hard for me to be emotionally expressive. I not only have to struggle against my natural reticence, but I have to struggle with my perception that the elders of my meeting disapprove of any contact between people and consider it a sign of abuse. But I am struggling, I am trying.

As long as I can remember, I have been sensitive to coercion; I have tried to avoid it as a teacher, as an employer, and as a parent. But when someone asks me for an expression of affection, a brief touch, or a hug which I would gladly give, there is no coercion, only an expression of common humanity. When I refuse because of what others may think of it, something is wrong.

-Ed Kerman

Ed Kerman

We felt that people accepted Hannah's and our statements that she was not in an incestuous relationship with Ed and that there was something else that had happened to her. It was also good that the specifics of that something else were not demanded of her. If the meeting had ended there, it would have served its primary purpose. A secondary purpose emerged at that point, which was to tell us that we were not parenting well and to try to lay ultimatums about what we should or shouldn't do to help Hannah heal. This felt intrusive and would probably have been better done by a gentler process through the local meeting. In the past year, two of the people who were at the meeting have apologized to us, recognizing that the process caused us hurt.

Ed and I had been eldered about our parenting in various ways ever since Ada was 18 months old. These meetings were often painful, and in one case caused the demise of a worship group we had started. Over the years, we had struggled as parents, making many mistakes, but also trying a style of parenting and respect for our children that was uncomfortable for many Friends. As we were confronted yet again by the question of whether we were good parents, we were able, with the help of our support people and other friends at The Meeting School, to finally affirm our parenting from the center of our beings. As Ed said when we got home, "I may be lacking in imagination, but I cannot think that anyone else in the world would make better parents for Hannah."

This meeting, painful as it was and hurtful of our relationship with our local and yearly meetings, was truly a turning point for Hannah and for us as parents. Hannah started to talk to students about the rape and also began going to a chiropractor to attend to the headaches and stiffness which had affected her since the rape. Ed and I went forward with much more confidence in the wisdom of trusting Hannah's ability to heal.

The pace of her healing process, which seemed so slow and painstaking at first, picked up evident speed. Five years later, I rejoice to see her self-confidence, her ability to counsel other young people who have been sexually abused, and her clarity as clerk of Community Meeting. She has spoken in classes and to the whole community about her experience, and has started writing about it for a wider audience.

Living in community is so tough and so rewarding. Everyone in my family has benefitted from our time at The Meeting School. The elements which I think have particularly helped us and Hannah with our healing process are acceptance, ongoing commitment, a balance between encouragement to open up and willingness to leave us to our own process, a larger context than a single family can provide, safety to express feelings, and training in and support for honest communication. We often talk about issues related to recovery from sexual abusethe ability to say no, setting boundaries, sexuality. We have given Hannah and other students tools for communicating and discharging feelings, and the structural framework of the Courage to Heal book and workbook to see where they are along the healing continuum. A meeting community could offer many of these things to most people. For Hannah, the immersion in community has greatly enhanced this process.

Similarly to the unexpected death of a loved one, the rape initially made no sense to me. It felt like a tear in the fabric of reality. As I have acknowledged its real-

ity and asked God for help in dealing with it, it makes more and more sense as an incident that can be used as a source of finding strength, experiencing safety, and working for healing.

Hannah still exhibits the signs of someone who has been sexually abused. She had a pregnancy scare two and one-half years ago, she struggles to stand up for her own needs, she at times succumbs to tension by acting hysterically or giving up. But we both understand why these things happen, and as a result we do not misunderstand them to be a core part of her being. I appreciate her strength and courage every day. I also appreciate the impulse Friends have had to act in support of Hannah and the rest of our family as we struggle with this and other issues. May our story help others find useful ways to act clearly and lovingly in support of healing traumatic or chronic abuse.

In Search of Clarity and Guidance

More than a year ago Kate Kerman shared her article with me. She also sent it to the others from New England Yearly Meeting who were on the committee that met with the Kermans (a meeting that is discussed in her article).

When I first read the article I was upset. I recognized that I had done the best that I could in trying to meet constructively on a very difficult issue, but that it had been far from "good enough." As I moved from my own ego to look at the larger outcome, I became aware that from this clumsy effort a process had developed that brings more clarity and guidance to the larger Quaker community. And so I offer this supplementary note to Kate Kerman's article. To identify myself, I am a member of Monadnock (N.H.) Meeting, a member of the Permanent Board of New England Yearly Meeting, and serve as clerk of the Long Range Conference Planning Committee of Friends General Conference.

The process described in Kate Kerman's article was the first time New England Yearly Meeting's Ministry and Counsel had been asked to deal with a situation of perceived sexual misconduct. I had just been named clerk of M&C when the field secretary called and consulted with me about what to do. Since the Kermans were members of my monthly meeting I agreed to deal with this with the help of the yearly meeting individuals concerned, and with the monthly meeting's M&C. Yes, it was a clumsy effort and very time consuming and difficult to convene people from all over New England.

This was the first of several concerns brought to M&C regarding perceived sexual misconduct within meetings. At the time I was working with the Kermans, I was not aware of any precedent or guidelines on how to deal with such a concern within the Quaker community.

In the spring of that year a Working Party on Sexual Abuse was formed within Yearly Meeting M&C to prepare guidelines for how meetings can deal with situations concerning sexual misconduct or the suspicion of sexual misconduct. This document, entitled Addressing Sexual Abuse in Friends Meetings, is now available (for \$5) through Friends General Conference Bookstore, 1216 Arch St., 2-B, Philadelphia, PA 19107.

—Jean Stine (formerly Phyllis Stine Schultz)

IF YOU SUSPECT SEXUAL ABUSE

- If you suspect current incest or sexual abuse, act promptly.
- Don't leap to conclusions or act without investigation; there could be other explanations for what you see.
- 3. Before the confrontation, maintain strict confidentiality outside of those involved, but do not hide the issues from the people you are confronting.
- 4. When you are meeting, be prepared to ask relevant questions and to listen to their answers. Limit your investigation to the question at hand.
- 5. After the confrontation, if the suspicions are justified, or if you are still not sure, find ways of getting this information into appropriate hands. Seek professional help, report to the Department of Social Services, let Friends know if someone should be kept away from children.
- Find a way to offer support to the person being confronted.
- 7. Find ways of looking at the process you have undertaken, and evaluate what came of it. If you draw conclusions that might be helpful to others dealing with similar issues, pass them on to your yearly meeting M & C committee or to the Friends General Conference Task Group on Sexual Abuse and Violence.
- 8. Be respectful of people's own approaches to healing. Don't try to force forgiveness or closure.



Fresh air for troubled teens

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Witness

Amigos in Word and Deed

by Doris Emerson

isasters happen almost every day somewhere in this increasingly small world of ours. Our impulse to help is usually immediate and the donations of time, energy, and money are always welcome and usually well used. When another disaster comes, we rise to that immediate need, forgetting the disaster we last responded to. This is the story of a local, combined Ouaker response to a disaster that is opening possibilities for more long-term effects.

On August 27, 1992, Hurricane Andrew roared across south Florida with devastating fury. The fourth poorest "city" in the United States, Florida City, south of Miami, was nearly flattened. Poverty level residents, many of them African Americans or Caribbean immigrants, lost their homes or apartments. Most spent the following winter living in tents, Federal Emergency Management Agency trailers, or jammed into small quarters with other relatives. Many just moved away, giving up their ruined homes, as they had no money for repairs or even demolition.

Ouaker response was immediate and generous. Within a week Friends from the Miami (Fla.) Friends Meeting (affiliated with Southeastern Yearly Meeting), the Miami Friends Church (or Iglesia de Los Amigos, affiliated with North Carolina Yearly Meeting), and the American Friends Service Committee, through its local office in Miami, met to see what the Friends response might be. Donations had been arriving daily. Within another week the needs of our meetinghouses and members were assessed and problems began to be addressed. A joint committee was set up, and it soon became apparent the best way to help was to go into Florida City and use our pooled excess funds for rebuilding there.

Nelson Salinas, from Miami Meeting, initially led the way. He had previous experience in Florida City, as well as with AFSC and Friends World Committee for Consultation. He also had the valuable asset of being bilingual. AFSC Southeastern Regional Office gave advice on organization of a corporation duly licensed by the state of Florida which could engage in building reconstruction as well as look for possible grants to augment our funds. A joint committee from the three

Doris Emerson is a long-time member of Miami (Fla.) Meeting, where she serves as treasurer. She also serves Southeastern Yearly Meeting as finance clerk.



North Carolina Friends Disaster Service Volunteers lifting a roof truss into place

place around them.

As this particular work is coming to an end, Amigos is beginning to tackle the goal of community development. Local residents desperately need

job training as well as job opportunities to enable families to stay together even at the poverty level. Almost everyone in the neighborhood exists on Social Security or SSI benefits. Amigos already is training several local men for construction skills, and one is almost ready to apply for a contractor's license. A grant has been received to help establish a roof truss factory and train local residents to operate and eventually own it. Another grant will enable Amigos to acquire an abandoned shell of a house, rebuild it, and sell to a low income owner using government grants to lower the mortgage costs to an affordable range. Right now, Friends meetings all over Southeastern Yearly Meeting are loaning Amigos funds to build new houses for resale in the targeted neighborhood that lost a third or more of its homes to the hurricane. In mid-January, 60 North Carolina Friends, part of the Friends Disaster Service, completed the roof and interior walls, including electrical and plumbing work, for a brand new, fourbedroom house, as well as preparing the shell for a three-bedroom home next door-what good Friends!

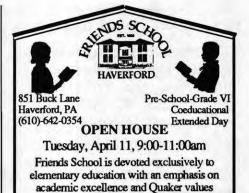
Though Florida City is still showing great evidence of continuing disaster effects with broken trees, deserted homes, evaporating support, and loss of public interest, Amigos has done its best to ameliorate the lives of the local people. Even better, Amigos has done this with little money but lots of volunteer hours. Best of all, Amigos is showing all Friends that Quaker leadings of the Spirit can easily transcend variations in manner of worship or witness, and Friends working together locally can make a real difference. Our new neighborhood friends truly think of us as a gift from God—a God that cares about people, not doctrine.

Last year a mailing went out to all Friends meetings in the United States asking for donations and volunteers. Amigos is grateful for all the responses, but the need continues. You, as an individual Friend, can be an "Amigo" by asking for information, by volunteering, by steering us to possible grantors, by buying T-shirts, and by sending donations to 1205 Sunset Drive, Miami, FL 33143. We need all kinds of friends to continue this work.

local Quaker entities began to meet. Our combined business experience was less than minimal, but the need was evident and our leading was very strong. Our only previous joint effort consisted of organizing a pre-World Conference Workshop for FWCC attendees at the meeting in Tela, Honduras, two years earlier. The committee of Friends (Amigos), later augmented by friends (amigos and even Creole zanmiyos) from the neighborhood and other organizations working in Florida City, met weekly for almost a year to steer the newly founded Amigos Construction and Community Development Corporation through all the necessary legalities, including becoming an IRS recognized 501(c)3 corporation.

Meanwhile, volunteers from our local meetings, Southeastern Yearly Meeting, Bucks County, Pa., the North Carolina Friends Disaster Unit, Guilford College, and teenagers from several Friends schools came to put roofs over the heads of elderly residents in the low-income, African-American neighborhood we chose to work in. We cooperated with volunteers from the Centro Campesino, from Mennonite, Lutheran, and Methodist churches, local colleges, and with Florida City officials to work where it was most needed. We soon felt the necessity for a construction superintendent to coordinate the on-site work, and John Rogers, a builder from Burlington (Vt.) Meeting, answered the call. His 6'8" commanding presence, high work standards, and easy ability to work with all sorts of volunteers soon established Amigos within Florida City, though we were never able to command the necessary political backing for governmental grants.

In its first year, Amigos participated in many reroofings and completed 12 in its particular neighborhood. Our costs were a mere \$50,000 because of volunteer labor and donated building supplies. A few of our homeowners had small amounts of insurance that were used, and Amigos was also the recipient of three grants totaling almost \$20,000. Recently, Amigos has been rebuilding five houses almost from the ground up—two of them with the families living in only one or two rooms as the necessary work takes



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Parents' Corner

Grandparenting: Defining Our Role

by Harriet Heath

Tell, I've learned my role at last. . . at least as a grand-mother. . . and maybe more," exclaimed Julia. We were sharing a cup of coffee, a habit we'd been enjoying since our daughters, now mothers themselves, were infants.

I knew Julia was feeling her way with her daughter, Beth. They'd had many stormy years through Beth's adolescence. Julia wanted very much to have a close relationship with her daughter, but both she and Beth had quick minds and fast tongues. Now Beth had just had her first child, Andy. She was reading "the books" and discussing her problems with her husband and the pediatrician. Julia felt her daughter saw her as out of touch. Their relationship was shaky once again.

Beth was having problems getting Andy to sleep. During the day, Andy wouldn't sleep unless Beth held him. At night he'd only sleep between her and her husband. Beth felt him every time he stirred, and heard his every sound.

Julia had tried to stay out of the discussion about what to do. Those early months, she knew, were difficult. She tried to drop by the house when she could so Beth could get a nan.

"Yesterday," Julia started her story, "I went over to let Beth sleep. She met me at the door with Andy upright and curled in her arms sound asleep. He looked so peaceful but Beth didn't; she looked wane with dark circles under her eyes.

"I took the baby from her, keeping him in the upright position, and tried to shoo her off for a good long sleep. But she didn't go. Instead she started to talk. 'We're going to change the system. I just can't rely on you like this. We've decided that Andy has got to learn to sleep for longer periods of time. We're going to put him on this regimen. The doctor told us the way to do it.' She described the plan of letting the baby cry. Mother or Dad could go in every so often to calm the child but not to pick him up. 'Just be firm' he'd told her. 'It will be harder on you than on him.'

Harriet Heath is a member of Radnor (Pa.) Meeting. She is a licensed psychologist and provides parenting workshops through Philadelpha Yearly Meeting's Family Relations Committee.



"I gave Andy back to her and made us both a cup of tea as she continued in a low voice, 'It's going to be hard. I don't like to hear him cry. But we can't continue this way. Neither of us are sleeping. I can't do anything because he is always in my arms. I'm even getting angry at him.' She looked about to cry.

"I didn't have to say anything. I knew she knew how I felt about letting a baby cry. So why make her feel worse? This time I vowed I'd keep my mouth closed. I thought it would just help to let her talk, so I asked her, 'Do you ever manage now to put him down?'

"'Yes,' she'd replied, 'If he is very very tired, he'll sleep in his cradle until that first deep sleep is over. Then he jerks. His arms swing. I've seen them. And he wakes himself up.'

"While she talked," Julia went on, "I kept getting pictures. One was the way I'd seen Beth put Andy down for a nap. She'd hold him snuggled right up against her chest and then lean way down over the bed until he rested on the mattress. If she didn't his arms would swing out in a startled reaction and he'd be screaming and wide awake. I watched now how she held him, snuggled so tightly against her. I pictured him asleep, again snuggled, this time between her and her husband.

"I couldn't help myself; I described to her what she had described to me. 'You know,' I said, 'every time you describe Andy asleep he is snuggled up very very tightly.' And I pointed out when he was asleep on my chest.

"Beth smiled for the first time that afternoon. 'It's like when we swaddled him at birth,' she observed.

"'When did you stop?' I asked.

" 'The doctor told me to when he was a

month old. Said it would slow down his development.'

"Well I could only laugh at that and ask her, 'Like the Indian papooses and the South American children who are swaddled for the first year of life, their development is all slowed down?'

" 'I didn't think about them,' Beth had laughed, 'Gosh, it's hard to think when you're worried and haven't been sleeping. I wonder if that would make a difference?'

"'It might,' I'd responded, and I finally

got her to go off for a nap.

"Well, Beth called at seven this morning. They'd swaddled Andy tightly. He'd slept for two four-hour stretches in his own bed. She was feeling like a new person! And all I did was listen and reflect."

Parents have so much advice given themroutine advice which may or may not fit the specific parents, their desires for their children, or the needs of their specific child.

Instead of giving advice, Julia had observed and listened and reflected back. She had listened to the tiredness of her daughter. She had also listened to the descriptions of the conditions under which her grandson slept well. These she related back to her daughter. She also offered counter information about the advice on the negative affects of swaddling that had been given. Doing so helped her daughter think through the situation and find a solution on her own. It's helpful to have someone to listen and reflect, to help sift and sort but not tell or advise. What better role for a grandmother who loves them all, whose goal is the same as theirs, who is willing to let them decide what is to be done?

And I wondered if there were not insights here for all of us struggling with situations where differences of opinion are causing havoc. We Quakers speak of accepting differences, but too often when we act upon our beliefs our sense of community is lost. Would, as Julia and Beth did, identifying and keeping focused on our mutual goals help as we discuss our differences? Would looking for observable information (such as Julia did when she described how Andy slept) and accepted facts (as when she noted that papooses were not developmentally delayed) guide us toward solutions acceptable to all participants? Julia and Beth's experiences searching for how to help Andy sleep came to have meaning for me beyond the warmth of a new mother and grandmother working together for the good of the family.



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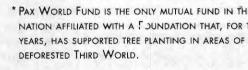


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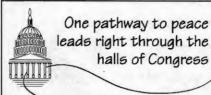


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Reports

Baltimore Yearly Meeting

Baltimore Yearly Meeting Friends were blessed with an abundance of rain as we gathered joyously during our 323rd sessions at Wilson College in Chambersburg, Pennsylvania, August 1–7, 1994. We felt graced as epistles from many yearly meetings around the world were shared with us.

Last year we ended our epistle on the theme that to grow is to change. This year we are thankful for continued growth. Frank Massey, our general secretary, likened the yearly meeting to Niagara Falls, which constantly changes—the fall line having traveled seven miles over time. Frank reported that "the Spirit is flowing in our midst and we are changing."

Our meetings are fountains of living water where we gather to be nourished and refreshed. Like the spray of falling water, God's care falls on us all. We are changed, and change those about us. Some of the changes are reflected in our Spiritual State of the Meeting Report, including rapid growth in membership and attendance in a few of our meetings and a resurgence of enthusiasm for religious education for adults and children, plus a rise in Bible study activity in many meetings.

The report goes on to speak of the "deepening concern for intervisitation among Friends." Our theme, "How do you interpret your faith in the light of our Quaker heritage?" was interpreted by Junior Yearly Meeting as "I'm a Quaker Traveler," and this seemed to catch the spirit of our gathering. Peace Pilgrim II paused on our doorstep in his travels for peace, and Junior Yearly Meeting experienced a living example of someone traveling with a concern. Visitors from Indiana, Philadelphia, and South Central Yearly Meetings enriched our gathering. Posters covering our walls urged us to "Widen our Circle of Friends. . . Try Another Bench. . . Visit Another Meeting.

As travelers we all carry baggage: Claire Walker told the story of "The Wanderer and the Way." One moral of the story was a call to examine both old baggage and new, lest we find ourselves burdened in our journey. Is what we carry worth the toil and delays? If we cannot lay down our knapsack, at least we should periodically examine the contents.

Much of our business involved an examination of the demands and products of our yearly meeting committee structure. "Friends value the yearly meeting both for the human connection and for the spiritual: seeking truth together." A participant in our Quaker Leadership Institute commented that "the greatest significance for me was in connecting with the larger Quaker community outside my own meeting in a much more intimate way than ever before. I feel refreshed, like I've taken a long drink from that jug of living water. . . ."

Our children are the living present and

future of our meeting. Their gift to us this year was the traveling song, "Woyaya," recorded by the Quaker singer Susan Stark:

"We are going, heaven knows where we are going. / We know we are.

We will get there, heaven knows how we will get there. / We know we will."

Our voices rose in three-part harmony as the different generations of yearly meeting sang together. Music ministered to us throughout our sessions.

We lost many dear Friends this year. Seven memorial minutes were read at yearly meeting sessions. In the Carey Memorial Lecture, Bruce Birchard, general secretary of Friends General Conference, spoke of his experience of God, the paths to the Spirit he knows, and his own experience of facing the terror of death. Beauty, love, centering, and worship strengthened and transformed him. We all shared that strength and transforming power when a Friend collapsed during the lecture. The initial rush to cover the practical quickly grew into a deeply shared meeting. The paramedics, too, were drawn into the loving quiet as they tenderly ministered.

The tenderness of BYM Friends towards one another takes us into "a place between silence and speech," a place explored by our own poet, Henry Taylor. Henry writes that "some experiences are better left beyond the reach of words." Together, BYM Friends seek to find these places. "But those who drink of the water that I will give them will never be thirsty. The water that I will give will become in them a spring of water gushing up to eternal life." (John 4:14, NRSV)

-Miriam D. Green, Clerk

Canadian Yearly Meeting

In its session, August 6–13, 1994, in Windsor, Nova Scotia, Canadian Yearly Meeting reached joyful unity in a decision as an employer to stop remitting to Revenue Canada the military portion of taxes for those employees who request it.

This decision follows several years of study, prayerful consideration, and the attempt during early 1994 for use of legal means of expressing our conscientious objection to paying for the military. The remittance will instead be paid into Conscience Canada, with consideration given to establishing in the future a specific trust fund.

Other significant issues included our support for the World Council of Churches' new Program to Overcome Violence, endorsement of the celebration of the 1995 Doukhobor Centennial of the Burning of the Arms in Russia in 1895, and assistance for suffering

Russia in 1895, and assistance for suffering children in war-torn parts of the world, such as Rwanda. John Calvi, a released Friend from Putney, Vermont, spoke to us about

being effective healers.

Gender issues continue to challenge us. The Young Friends of North America Caravan was an effective ministry in sharing with us the way in which young men and women are experiencing and grappling with gender differences and commonalities.

-Barbara Horvath

Quakers Uniting in Publications

Quakers Uniting in Publications (QUIP) gathered for its annual meeting September 15–18, 1994, at Twin Rocks Friends Camp on the Pacific coast northwest of Portland, Oregon. Hosted by Barclay Press, 28 Quaker publishers, booksellers, and authors from the United States and the United Kingdom attended the meeting; communications were received from more QUIP members. The 1995 annual meeting will be held September 14–17 at Woodbrooke College, Birmingham, England. Future annual meetings will be held in April, beginning in 1996 in Greensboro, North Carolina.

Having launched Quaker Books in Print at last year's meeting, QUIP members discussed ways to provide for its stable growth. Roland Kreager, QUIP's part-time manager of the Quaker Books in Print program, reported that 1,752 verified entries now comprise the database of Quaker titles. Plans are underway to make the list available to the general public in various formats, and a list of known Quaker titles in Spanish will be added to the database this year. For more information about Quaker Books in Print, contact Roland Kreager, 3960 Winding Way, Cincinnati, OH 45229-1950.

A panel of representatives from Quaker periodicals, led by Nancy Yarnall of Friends Bulletin, presented the current status of several publications. In other business, QUIP members agreed to sponsor a table at the New York Book Fair next year. The continuing concern about and need for Quaker titles in English to be translated into other languages, especially Spanish, and conversely having Quaker titles translated into English was addressed by several people, most notably by Pablo Stanfield of North Pacific Yearly Meeting.

QUIP publishes A Writer's Guide for authors seeking information about Quaker publishers' requirements. To obtain a copy send \$3 to Gertrude Beal/QUIP, 205 Hermitage Road, Greensboro, NC 27410.

For general information, including QUIP membership, contact Jan Hoffman, QUIP clerk, 343 West Street, Amherst, MA 01002.

-Jan Hoffman

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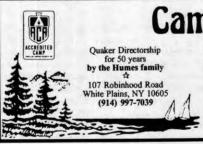
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News of Friends

John Wagoner, president of William Penn College, announced his resignation effective this summer. A 1958 graduate of the college, Wagoner has been affiliated with the school for 31 years, first as development director, and then as president since 1984. The college's board of trustees accepted his resignation with a great deal of reluctance, and requested that he continue to remain active in the life of the school. A number of improvements were made on the Oskaloosa, Iowa, campus during Wagoner's tenure, including the building of a fitness center and the Industrial Technology annex. Major renovations were also completed in other buildings, and more capital improvements are currently underway or planned. Though he had battled cancer in recent years, Wagoner assured the faculty and staff of the college in a recent letter that his decision to leave was not healthrelated. He will be 65 in August and stated his desire to have more time for himself and his family. A search committee has been formed to find a replacement before the next academic year begins in August.

David Throgmorton resigned as executive vice president and academic dean at William Penn College on February 28. A member of the school's administration since 1989, Throgmorton has accepted a position as vice president of academic affairs at Barat College, Lake Forest, Ill. The college's president, John Wagoner, announced that two current professors will share the position in the interim. "In anticipation of the appointment of a new president before the 1995 fall semester," Wagoner said," I believe it is appropriate to give her/him the opportunity to select new academic leadership."

The following statement on participation of gays, lesbians, and bisexuals in its meeting community was approved in December 1994 by Pima (Ariz.) Meeting:

We believe that Friends' testimony of equality requires a single standard of treatment for all human beings and that all people share in the Light. We affirm that we welcome to our meeting all who share our search for Truth. We therefore extend our loving care, concern, and support to all individuals and couples in our meeting community including lesbian, gay, and bisexual people. In all aspects of life, it is our wish to recognize as fully as we can the Light within us all by keeping open to the many reflections of that Light.

As Quakers, mindful of being effective witness for social justice, we commit ourselves to educating ourselves and others in the Religious Society of Friends about the condition of homosexual and bisexual people in a society that is frequently hostile to them. We also commit ourselves to action to end ignorance about, prejudice concerning, and

discrimination against people based on their sexual orientation both in the Religious Society of Friends and in society at large.

Friend Gilbert F. White was awarded the National Geographic Society's Hubbard Medal on December 8, 1994. White, a pioneer in natural hazards research and resources management, a professional geographer, and a member of Boulder (Colo.) Meeting, was cited for "60 years of commitment to promoting harmony between humans and nature, and for unwavering dedication to geography, environmental science, and education." His efforts to increase understanding of human and environmental relationships have been applied to a broad spectrum of problems and issues. White's policy-setting work in water and land planning began in the 1930s on the Mississippi Valley Committee and the National Resources Planning Board. His 1942 doctoral dissertation, "Human Adjustment to Floods," and subsequent writings challenged the sentiment at that time that nature could be managed with engineering solutions, and stimulated wide reform of public policy on floods and other natural hazards. As a twoterm president of the Scientific Committee on

Problems of the Environment (SCOPE) from 1976-82, he guided a multinational study of the environmental effects of nuclear war. Published in 1985, his findings detailed the concept of a "nuclear winter." By presenting only evidence, and no suggestions for policy-makers, the study was supported by 300 scientists around the world, and influenced nuclear arms negotiations between the United States and the Soviet Union. In addition to his public service work. White served as president of Haverford College from 1944-55, and as professor of geography at the University of Colorado at Boulder, where he directed the Institute of Behavioral Science until 1978 and returned in 1980 as the Gustavson Distinguished Professor Emeritus of Geography. He has also served on the American Friends Service Committee board, of which he was chairperson from 1963-69. Now 83 years old. White is currently working toward integrating policy on global river-basin development. The Hubbard Medal, named for the National Geographic Society's first president, Gardiner Greene Hubbard, has been awarded 30 times since 1906 for distinction in exploration, discovery, and research.

Calendar

MARCH

11-"Quaker Farmers Gathering," an opportunity to meet other Quaker farmers and explore common interests and concerns, 9:45 a.m. at The Meeting School, Rindge, N.H. Formal discussions will include "Quakerism and Farming: How do they come together in our lives?" and "Farming in Unity with Nature: an exploration of our calling as Quaker Farmers, facilitated by Friends In Unity with Nature." Participants will examine how Quaker farmers can support each other, and if there is a need for an Association of Quaker Farmers. Attenders should bring food for potluck lunch, photos of their farms, and examples of their products. Overnight hospitality is available at TMS if needed. Contact Doug Cox, 1138 Sunset Lake Rd., W. Brattleboro, VT 05301, telephone (802) 257-1024.

16-19—The Annual Session of Friends World Committee for Consultation, Section of the Americas, at the Red Lion Inn in downtown Portland, Oreg. The gathering is hosted by Multnomah (Oreg.) Meeting and Reedwood (Oreg.) Friends Church. Contact FWCC, 1506 Race St., Philadelphia, PA 19102, telephone (215) 241-7250.

17-19—"The Anti-Career Workshop: How to Create Work That You Love," a program led by Rick Jarow at Kirkridge, Bangor, Pa. This workshop is for those who believe that it is still possible to forge one's life into an art form, to live and act from the most authentic part of ourselves, and to express our strongest values,

energies, and talents. Cost is \$225. Contact Kirkridge, Bangor, PA 18013-9359, telephone (610) 588-1793.

24–26—"Workshop for Social Action Trainers," a training program led by George Lakey in Minneapolis-St. Paul, Minn. The workshop will increase training skills, teach new techniques, and allow participants to network with other trainers. Contact Future Now, 1081 Laural Ave., St. Paul, MN 55104, telephone (612) 222–4238.

24-26—"Contemplative Dance," a workshop at Pendle Hill, Wallingford, Pa., led by Christine Linnehan. To ancient peoples, dancing one's own rhythm was an expression of one's own space and timing in life. Using movement, music, art, and writing, as well as small group discussion, the program will support and celebrate the body's wisdom and creativity as participants awaken the dancer within. Cost is \$165. Contact Pendle Hill, 338 Plush Mill Rd., Wallingford, PA 19086-6099, telephone (610) 566-4507, or (800) 742-3150.

29–31—"Crime: Is there a Christian response?" is a training session on how to start a church-based Victim Offender Reconciliation Program (VORP), in Fresno, Calif. The program includes an in-depth look at the vision and mission of VORP, training on corporate organization, case management, volunteer management, and mediation, plus interactive instruction. The \$500 fee pays for up to three participants. Contact Kathy Stück at (800) 909-VORP.

Bulletin Board

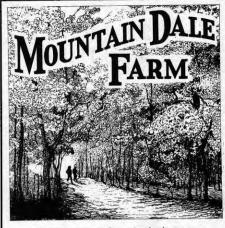
"Kent State Remembered: A National Day of Conflict Resolution," will mark the 25th anniversary on May 4 of a tragic and controversial event in U.S. history. Four students were killed and nine others wounded when the Ohio National Guard opened fire during a protest against the U.S. invasion of Cambodia, which escalated the Vietnam War. Abington (Pa.) Meeting, along with Abington Friends School, will be hosting a week-long symposium on conflict resolution beginning April 29 and culminating on May 4 in what is hoped will be a national observance. The program will consist of workshops, seminars, guest lectures, and a benefit concert. Monthly meetings and Quaker schools around the United States are encouraged to participate in some way in this observance. The main focus of the program will be to illuminate the urgent need to practice peaceful and non-threatening means of resolving conflict in all facets of our daily lives, and the need to have these techniques taught in schools beginning at an early age. For more information or to make program suggestions, contact Fran Oldynski, coordinator, any evening except Tuesdays at (215) 745-7061.

· A National Quaker Youth Seminar, "Hunger in America," will be held in Washington, D.C., April 9-12, for high school juniors and seniors. Created by William Penn House and supported by the Chase Fund, the program will focus on the success, shortcomings, and future of federal programs, as well as on the role of the individual in working towards the elimination of hunger in our society. Participants will have the opportunity to discuss the issues with activists working at these different levels and to hear the voices of those who have experienced the pain of hunger. Field trips will include a visit to Capitol Hill and an area shelter. Cost is \$45, and the application deadline is March 24. For more information. contact National Quaker Youth Seminar, William Penn House, 515 E. Capitol St. SE, Washington, DC 20003, (202) 543-5560.

"Blended Families" is the title of an upcoming Powell House program, March 10-12, which will explore the joys, challenges, frustrations, and agonies of being in a "blended family." According to the session's leaders, Adam and Susan Corson-Finnerty, most of our expectations and assumptions about what a family is, and what it does, still come from the traditional nuclear model. Yet, many of us are living in a family network which includes children from previous relationships, creating a wide variety of biological, legal, and emotional links. The conference will focus on how to make a blended family a loving and supportive network for all members, how children can be nurtured and taught what "family" means, and how to cope with the complications of creating a new family from the pieces of previous families. A limited program for younger family members, and childcare, will be available. Cost for the weekend is as follows: adults \$130, teens \$75, children \$55, and infants \$15. Scholarships, discounts, and work exchange opportunities are available. For more information, contact Powell House, RD#1, Box 160, Old Chatham, NY 12136, telephone (518) 794-8811.

•Food Not Bombs co-founder Keith McHenry is being prosecuted under the new "three strikes" felony law in an effort to silence the group's opposition to governmental treatment of the homeless. The United Nations Human Rights Commission, Amnesty International, and dozens of local groups have come to the aid of the organization, but more support is needed. McHenry will be touring the United States this month with the following program: vegan cooking, squatting with Homes Not Jails, starting an unlicensed FM radio station to organize against political violence and resist censorship, a viewing of the "Food Not Bombs Greatest Hits" video showing arrests of food servers, and information on the Food Not Bombs International Gathering in San Francisco, Calif., June 15-27. The tour will be at the following locations and dates: Dallas/Ft. Worth, Tex., March 3; New Orleans, La., March 10; Saint Louis, Mo., March 17; Washington, D.C., March 24; Philadelphia, Pa., March 31; and Boston. Mass., April 7. For more information, contact Food Not Bombs, 3145 Geary Blvd. #12, San Francisco, CA 94118, (800) 884-1136.

•Do you have a Quaker service experience to share with other Friends? Several decades ago, American Friends Service Committee work camps, international relations institutes, family camps, college programs, and high school programs involved 700 or more participants each year. Many of these participants found the experience to be a turning point in their lives. However, for various reasons, most of these opportunities were discontinued. The AFSC Relations Committee of Illinois Yearly Meeting is planning a retreat for the weekend of May 5 to share recollections and evaluations of the effect of these experiences, and to consider how similar experiences can be made available in the future. Friends are asked to send a written or cassette-tape description and evaluation of their experience with these projects and their impact on their lives and on the life of the Quaker community. Friends organizations are asked to send their evaluation of the impact of these experiences in the development of leadership in the Society of Friends. The primary task of the retreat will be to prepare a publication which uses the past to help plan the future of this type of Quaker Service. Send reports by March 31 to Judy Jager, 1002 Florence, Evanston, IL 60202.



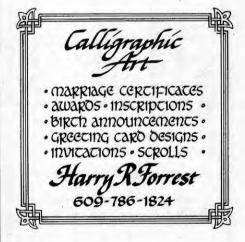
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Books

The Scar of Race

By Paul M. Sniderman and Thomas Piazza. Harvard University Press, Cambridge, Mass., 1993, 178 pages, \$18,95/hardback.

Paul M. Sniderman and Thomas Piazza have written an analysis of current white racial attitudes, "what Americans are disagreeing over now-not a generation ago-and why." This work is a study of "five largescale surveys" of 7,235 non-Hispanic whites

living in the United States.

The authors draw a number of conclusions, chiefly that the nature of prejudice has not changed. Racial bigotry has not lost its place in U.S. society; however, the shape of racial politics has changed. "Specific issues of race take on their defining characteristics depending on the larger policy agenda to which they belong": social welfare, race-consciousness, or equal treatment. Also significant to the authors is that "the best ways to tell how whites feel about blacks . . . is to find out how they feel about Jews." The principle findings of the Sniderman-Piazza study are: 1) there is no one issue of race; 2) whites openly believe and express negative characterizations of blacks; 3) racism is not built-in to core United States values; 4) ideological differences over public policies are more a genuine difference of political outlook rather than covert racism; 5) stereotypes play a larger role in the negative judgments and treatment of blacks as a group rather than as individuals; 6) education continues to powerfully influence genuine racial tolerance; 7) prejudice no longer controls in the formation of public policies designed to assist blacks; 8) the U.S. public is still deeply divided over governmental action to ensure equal treatment for blacks; and 9) issues of race are pliable.

Written in academic style, with frequently long and convoluted sentences, this work is most useful to those interested in the applications of opinion polls. The authors' research and analysis is also useful as a personal seeking of their own truths about racial attitudes and behavior. Human nature is dynamic, as is the history of the North American Republic, subject to the vicissitudes of subjective considerations. Certain of the authors' interpretations appear more to support rather than dispel racial myths, particularly regarding the American Creed (liberty, equality, and the pursuit of happiness). A thoughtful reader not cloaked by skin privilege is likely to conclude that gradualism, as a substitute for real change, is still the acceptable order of the day.

The relevance of this work to Friends and others seeking the Light is that the truth suffers from too much analysis. I fear the authors run the risk of trivializing racial prejudice. What comes first, deductions based on assembled data or a point of view that can be supported by statistics? The chicken or the egg? In any case, it is fried to fit the taste of the cook. The authors acknowledge that racism and its debilitating consequences abound. Rationalizations we may ascribe to behavior, however, serve more to stunt our growth rather than illuminate solutions to our problems.

-Vivian Thomas Rankin

Vivian Thomas Rankin, a resource developer with a vested interest in racial concerns, is a member of Lansdowne (Pa.) Meeting and its Diversity Committee.

By Land and By Sea: **Ouakers Confront Slavery** and Its Aftermath in North Carolina

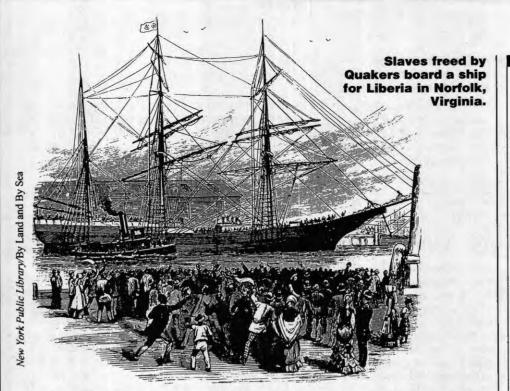
By Hiram H. Hilty. North Carolina Friends Historical Society and North Carolina Yearly Meeting of Friends, Greensboro, N.C., 1993. 133 pages. \$13/paperback.

This slim volume, part of a series commemorating the 1997 tercentenary of North Carolina Yearly Meeting, is a revised and expanded version of the author's Toward Freedom For All, published in 1984 by Friends United Press. It treats the struggle of North Carolina Friends to balance their opposition to slavery with their desire to live law-abiding lives. It was not easy. Friends at a remove in time or geography must not be quick to judge them for instances of accommodation to an evil system.

Early North Carolina Friends did not at first recognize the sin of slavery, but they began to question the system before most other Christians, and tried to separate themselves from it. Simply freeing their own slaves, the most obvious solution, was extremely difficult. Emancipation was illegal in North Carolina except in narrowly-defined cases or unless the freed slaves were removed from the

Facing such obstacles, Friends employed what Hilty calls "elegant subterfuge" to transfer ownership of their slaves to the yearly meeting, which then allowed them to live and work in freedom. Quakers helped freed slaves emigrate to Haiti and Liberia or to settle in northern states. Many Friends also freed themselves by emigrating to the North. Between 1800 and 1861, 83 North Carolina meetings were laid down, while all of those in South Carolina and Georgia disappeared.

The Civil War was devastating to North Carolina Friends. They suffered, like all Southerners, from economic stress and the depredations of both armies, and had also been caught behind the lines, so to speak. Twin testimonies against war and slavery put them at odds with their neighbors, and some Friends suffered severely.



After the war, North Carolina Friends, with help from Northern Quakers, rebuilt their lives and meetings and established schools and colleges not only for their own children but also for the former slaves. In that work they accepted the doctrine of "separate but equal," a practice that did not change in Friends schools in the South until the 1960s.

Chronological organization of the material would have improved the narrative of this volume, which is sometimes confusing as it moves back and forth in time. A chapter on the Underground Railroad is too brief to do that subject justice, and we learn too little about Levi Coffin, who, though a native of North Carolina, lived most of his adult life in Indiana and Ohio, where he established a reputation for helping fugitive slaves.

Nevertheless, this overview of North Carolina Quakers and slavery brings together a wealth of information about ordinary humans who often rose above their frailties to do extraordinary things. It is well worth reading and adding to Quaker libraries.

-Lenna Mae Gara

Lenna Mae Gara, a writer and community activist, lives in Wilmington, Ohio, where she is a member of Campus (Ohio) Meeting.

Bridge of Courage

By Jennifer Harbury. Common Courage Press, Monroe, Maine, 1993. 264 pages. \$14.95/paperback.

One may admire a person who uses her Harvard Law degree to represent migrant workers in Texas. Wondering why so many of her clients came from Guatemala, Jennifer Harbury went to learn. That led to her marrying a commander in the guerrilla army and writing this book, which gives the testimonies

of two dozen or so guerrillas, some now dead, together with bits of her own experience. Though not a Quaker, she told me in July 1994 that she had always been a nonviolent person. As a Quaker, I find the book disturbing, though not necessarily persuasive, on the issue of violence.

Life as fighters binds these people close and kills them often. Their words make sharp the hardship, fun, solidarity, and heartbreak of fighting against pawns of local and U.S. power and privilege. The first ten tell why they left family and shelter to go into the mountains to kill and likely die—reasons far more searing than the "taxation without representation," etc., that led U.S. rebels to fight the British. A few samples:

Anita—"The tortures that had been inflicted on those poor people, the expressions on those dead faces, I will never forget. It is because of the morgue, I am positive, that so many of us medical students, and yes, even professors, joined up with the underground that year."

Gabriel—"Do you know the history of our peaceful reform efforts here? I once worked in a union, but after a march one day my friends were found dead in a gutter rolled up in their banners. . . . For Gandhi's methods to work, there must be a government capable of shame. We lack that here."

Jennifer—"Once, after hearing a mother tell me of her lost son, I awoke in the middle of the night to find her standing in the shadows, sobbing, as she ironed and re-ironed his fading shirts."

Bernardo, who was later killed—"It is difficult here, but it is good. I want to see the triumph. It is so close, but I can accept death now. Only God is immortal. I want to die with my boots on."

The author writes with more clarity and passion than most lawyers. Noam Chomsky's introduction about Guatemala sets the scene,

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Linda Lyman & Marty Walton 505 Willow Road Bellingham, WA 98225 (360) 738-8599 but may be too blunt for people not already familiar with its recent history. The book ends with a short, useful chapter on "How You Can Make a Difference" nonviolently. By then you may well want to.

-Malcolm Bell

Malcolm Bell is a member of Wilderness (Vt.) Meeting.

The Turning Point

By Alex Sareyan. American Psychiatric Press, Washington, D.C., 1994. 309 pages. \$43.50/hardcover.

Fifty years ago the gradual improvement toward more humane and civilized treatment of the mentally ill suffered a severe reversal during World War II. Military service and more lucrative wartime employment left mental hospitals and training schools drastically understaffed. The lack of personnel led to neglect and often mistreatment of patients. Many vacancies were filled by drifters or "bughousers" who did not have the training or disposition to help patients toward recovery.

Some institutions took advantage of a source of intelligent and dedicated manpower. Selective Service had provided an alternative to military service for conscientious objectors who could convince their draft boards of their religious beliefs. The historic peace churches-Friends, Mennonites, and Brethren-took the responsibility initially of operating camps for Civilian Public Service where assignees could do "work of national importance." Projects such as soil conservation and forestry service did not impress the men as being the most important service they could provide. Of the other projects they promoted, one of the most significant was the establishment of units in 62 mental hospitals and state training schools.

Alex Sareyan reports how 1,200 conscientious objectors and many of their wives created a turning point in public awareness and institutional procedures. The book contains vivid reports of conditions they encountered. Institutional superintendents, public officials, and the media used their observations to expose problems in care and treatment. A major factor was the creation of a National Mental Health organization. This was the direct result of the efforts of the author and others in CPS.

Turning Point is a fascinating and authoritative history of a social concern that led to major reforms. Like all history, it has provided a basis and inspiration for future progress.

-W. Jarrott Harkey

W. Jarrott Harkey served for four years during World War II in Civilian Public Service. He and his wife worked at Norwich State Hospital in Connecticut. His position there was the equivalent of the book's author at another Connecticut mental hospital. Harkey, an exploration geophysicist, lives with his musician wife in Dallas, Texas.

On Earth as in Heaven: A Liberation Spirituality of Sharing

By Dorothee Soelle, translated by Marc Batko. Westminster/John Knox Press, Louisville, Ky., 1993. 100 pages. \$9.99/ paperback.

On one level On Earth as in Heaven is a polemic against capitalism and its fruits of war and exploitation, racism and sexism, poverty and pollution. At another level the author offers a new way to do theology, through narrative and dialogue, producing a four-step liberation theology. The first step, praxis, asks "who is victimized?" The next step, analysis, asks "who profits?" The third step, meditation, asks us to remember to search the Bible for help. The final step is a renewed praxis, prayer and action. She posits the need for a new language, since our present one has had the words for feeling robbed by advertisers, and the feminine language of myth and narrative pushed aside by the cold masculine language of science.

But most Quaker readers, not particularly well versed in traditional theological methods, probably won't read this to discover Soelle's new method. Instead they will read it for its content, as a series of somewhat disconnected essays. They are disjointed because she is trying to do something else by her juxtapositions. She quotes Kafka, "a book must be like an axe to break the frozen soul." She has written a meat cleaver where a scalpel might have been more convincing.

Soelle has interesting things to say about Germany's struggle with the shame of its 20th-century history. (The book was written for a German audience.) Her descriptions of Jesus as feminist, and the role of women in the early church, support our Quaker heritage and understanding of sexual equality. She writes about socialism and the bleak economic options open to the post Cold War world where the rich get richer and the poor get poorer.

Soelle offers familiar polemics, interesting biblical exegesis, and thoughtful insights into today's Germany. But overall, the book disappoints by its sometimes shrill voice and unwillingness to seek "that of God" in oppressors.

Marty Grundy

Marty Grundy is a member of Cleveland (Ohio) Meeting and of the FRIENDS JOURNAL Board of Managers.

Resources

•Friends General Conference publishes two worship resources for meetings. The Practice of Quaker Worship, by Larry Miller, simply and directly describes the experience of unprogrammed worship, including examples of how some Friends prepare for worship and center down. Having a truly descriptive subtitle, The Wounded Meeting: Dealing with difficult behavior in meeting for worship; meeting the needs of the many while responding to the needs of the few was developed by a task group of the Ministry and Nurture Committee. It gives practical examples of how various meetings have responded to problem behavior. For prices and ordering information, write to FGC Bookstore, 1216 Arch Street, 2B, Philadelphia, PA 19107, or call (800) 966-4556.

·Speeches and interviews by Comel West, author of Race Matters, have been collected in Beyond Eurocentrism and Multiculturalism. Volume One, Prophetic Thought in Postmodern Times, looks at the interplay between prophetic thought and pragmatism. Volume Two, Prophetic Reflections: Notes on Race and Power in America, examines the cultural crisis and the relationship of politics and the intellectual, and moves toward prophetic action. Throughout, West calls us to compassion, community, and justice. Available for \$14.95 each from Common Courage Press. P.O. Box 702, Monroe, ME 04951.

•The Blinded Eye is a book which both condemns 500 years of oppression and exploitation unleashed by Columbus's voyage to the "New World," and sets forth a manifesto of principles and action to liberate and empower those oppressed. The book is written by a group of Asian scholars and activists. Cost is \$9.50; order from Apex Press, Suite 3C, 777 United Nations Plaza, New York, NY 10017.

•The Love of Enemy and Nonretaliation in the New Testament is an anthology of essays edited by Willard M. Swartley. Part of a series sponsored by the Institute of Mennonite Studies, these essays examine biblical teachings about peace. Further, they probe the significance of the context of war in which peace issues are addressed in the Bible. Available for \$29.99 from Westminster/John Knox Press, 100 Witherspoon St., Louisville, KY

·Parable of the Leaven, by Helen Caswell, is a beautiful picture book for children. She conveys the message of the parable through gentle, colorful illustrations and simple words. Intended for children in preschool through grade three, it reminds persons of all ages of the light within themselves. Available for \$5.95, paperback, from Abingdon Press, P.O. Box 801, 201 Eighth Ave. South, Nashville, TN 37202.



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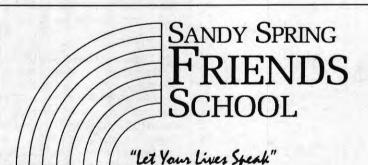
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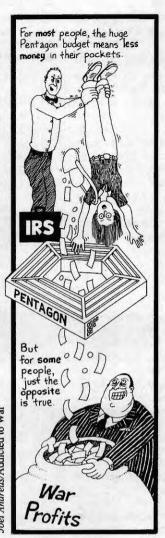
Moorestown Friends School 110 East Main Street, Moorestown, NJ 609-235-2900 ext. 227 During a nonviolent protest on Sept. 1, 1987, Brian Willson sat down in the path of an oncoming U.S. navel munitions train. Following orders not to stop for any reason, the trainmen ran over him. Miraculously, he survived, but lost both of his legs. Willson's autobiography, On Third World Legs, tells how he went from being a supporter of U.S. actions in Vietnam to risking his own life for peace. He also explains how the train incident transformed his life and gave him the opportunity to experience solidarity with the people of the Third World. The 96-page, illustrated book includes an introduction by Staughton Lynd and is available for \$9.45 from Charles H. Kerr Publishing Company, 1740 West Greenleaf Ave., Chicago, IL 60626.

*Addicted to War, by Joel Andreas, is a hard-hitting, carefully documented, illustrated exposé that bluntly takes on U.S. militarism. Though presented in a witty comic book style, the content is very serious and intended for mature readers. The 64-page book is available for \$5.95/paperback from New Society Publishers, 4527 Springfield, Ave., Philadelphia, PA 19143.

•The University Conversion Project is a national clearinghouse founded during the Gulf War to promote peace activism and investigative journalism on campus. UCP helps students and faculty work for peace on more than 100 campuses in the United States and Canada. For more information, contact UCP, P.O. Box 748, Cambridge, MA 02142. (From Voices, March/April 1994)

•A Quaker Bible Index, compiled by Esther Greenleaf Murer, is available on computer disk from Friends General Conference. The index lists nearly 10,000 Bible references in modern editions of early Quaker writings, including the works of Fox, Barclay, Penn, and Woolman. Cost is \$50. For more information, contact FGC, 1216 Arch St., Suite 2B, Philadelphia, PA 19107, telephone (215) 561-1700.

•In A Guide to World Hunger Organizations, Volume II, author Michael Williamson analyzes more than 30 organizations and classifies them by purpose, financing, and effectiveness. For more information on this update of the 1984 edition, contact Seeds of Hope, Inc., P.O. Box 6170, Waco, TX 76706, telephone (817) 755-7745.



*Static Lines and Canopies, edited by Asa Mundell, is a 78-page anthology of reflections written by former "smoke jumpers" in a World War II civilian public service camp. The book is available for \$13 from Asa Mundell, 5420 SW Erickson Ave., Beaverton, OR 97005-3847. (From Fellowship, January/February 1994)

•Peace Grows has published a manual, workbook, and teacher's guide on alternatives to violence. The group also offers courses and training weekends throughout Ohio. For more information, contact Peace Grows, Humanity House, 513 West Exchange St., Akron, OH 44302.

•The choral artistry of Earlham College's music department has been captured on compact disk. Singing Out of the Silence is a collection of 19 songs by the Earlham

Concert Choir. The first five, "Secular Music by Friends," are by Quaker composers. Other works include a series of Christmas songs, four Renaissance works, and three spirituals. The CD is available for \$14.95, plus \$4 shipping and handling, from the Earlham College Bookstore, Richmond, IN 47374.

·Skipping Stones is a non-profit children's magazine that encourages cooperation, creativity, and celebration of cultural and environmental richness. It provides a playful forum for sharing ideas and experiences among children from different lands and backgrounds. Children and young adults are invited to send original art and writings for publication. Adults may also contribute material that increases multicultural awareness and reader participation. The magazine encourages submissions from underrepresented populations worldwide. Submissions are welcome in all languages and should include the contributer's age or grade, cultural background, and interests, along with a self-addressed, stamped envelope. Subscriptions (5 issues) cost \$18, \$30 airmail, and low-income discounts are available. For more information, contact Skipping Stones, P.O. Box 3939, Eugene, OR 97403, telephone (503) 342-4956.

Milestones

Births/Adoptions

Benedict—Hannah E. and Matthew G. Benedict, twins, on July 30, 1994, to Gail and Michael Benedict. Michael is a member of Fredonia (N.Y.) Meeting.

Bert—Thea Amelia Bert, on Sept. 18, 1994, to Shondra and Chris Bert, of Lancaster (Pa.) Meeting.

Cahalan—Dylan Jordan Cahalan, on Aug. 11, 1994, to Deborah Jordan and Bill Cahalan, Jr., of Community (Ohio) Meeting.

Churchill—Grace Churchill, on June 4, 1994, to Robyn Churchill and Bill Ladd, of Madison (Wis.) Meeting.

Davies—Abigail Lily Davies, on July 17, 1994, to Carys and Michael Davies, of Scarsdale (N.Y.) Meeting.

Evans—Samuel Evans, on Sept. 19, 1994, to Agnes Kanikula and Brian Evans, of Madison (Wis.) Meeting.

Eyle—Catherine Ellsworth Eyle, on Sept. 27, 1994, to Edie Gleason and John Eyle. Edie is a member of Haverford (Pa.) Meeting.

Fonseca—Javier Tomas Fonseca, on Aug. 8, 1994; adopted on Dec. 21, 1994, by Alison Stewart and Francisco Fonseca, of Trenton (N.J.) Meeting.

Grant—Ian Cary Grant, on Sept. 15, 1994, to Ruth Cary and Bruce W. Grant, of Haverford (Pa.) Meeting.

Greenler—Scott Majors Greenler, on June 18, 1994, to Karen Greenler and Penny Majors. Karen and Penny are members of Iowa City (Iowa) Meeting, but currently attend Madison (Wis.) Meeting.

Hardesty—Rolf Daniel Hardesty, on Nov. 30, 1994, to Rachel and R. David Hardesty. Rachel is a member of Pima (Ariz.) Meeting.

Hawkinson—Griffith George Hawkinson, on Oct. 2, 1994, to Cassie and Paul Hawkinson, of Third Haven (Md.) Meeting.

Kane—Cary Anne Kane, on Oct. 20, 1994, to Dorothy Cary and Philip Kane, of Germantown (Pa.) Meeting.

Neuhaus—Robin R. Neuhaus, on July 8, 1994, to Cecily Garver Neuhaus and Robert Neuhaus. Cecily is a member of Buffalo (N.Y.) Meeting.

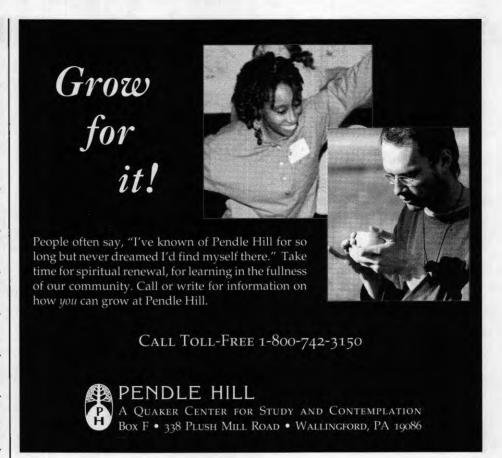
O'Neill—Elise Woodward O'Neill, on Sept. 22, 1994, to Nancy Warren O'Neill and Jamie O'Neill, of Haddonfield (N.J.) Meeting.

Peters—Leroy Edward Peters IV, on Oct. 4, 1994, to Jynjyr and Ted Peters, of Haddonfield (N.J.) Meeting.

Saunders—Paisley Anne Forster Saunders, on March 9, 1994, to Susie Carolyn Forster and Charles Allen Saunders, of Santa Barbara (Calif.) Meeting.

Tyson—Jeremy Lian Tyson, on July 28, 1994, to Holly and Ken Tyson, of Woodstown (N.J.) Meeting.

Walden—Emily Joyce Walden, on July 22, 1994, to Sherry and Keven Walden, of Reno (Nev.) Meeting.





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Marriages/Unions

Beaty-Kernan-Joseph Kernan and Lee Beaty, on Oct. 29, 1994, at Abington (Pa.) Meeting.

Bowden-Guenther-Eric Guenther and Rebecca Bowden, on Oct. 8, 1994, under the care of Haverford (Pa.) Meeting.

Burch-Nobben-Nils T. Nobben and Mary Ann Burch, on Sept. 3, 1994. Mary is a member of Poplar Ridge (N.Y.) Meeting.

Cater-Carlyle-Kim Carlyle and Susan Pfister Cater, on Nov. 25, 1994, under the care of Friendship (N.C.) Meeting, of which Susan is a member, and with the support of South Bend (Ind.) Meeting, of which Kim is an attender.

Clapham-Cavanaugh—Patrick Joseph Cavanaugh and Elizabeth Carol Clapham, on May 28, 1994, under the care of Birmingham (Pa.) Meeting, of which Elizabeth is a member.

Cobham-Crumpler-Reuben S. Crumpler and Christina Cobham, on July 16, 1994. Christina is a member of Matinecock (N.Y.) Meeting.

Curtis-Hudson-Mark Hudson and Christine Curtis, on July 9, 1994, under the care of Multnomah (Oreg.) Meeting.

Jackson-Peterson-Tom Peterson and Jennifer Jackson, on Sept. 17, 1994, under the care of Media (Pa.) Meeting.

Jewkes-Johnson—Scott Johnson and Trish Jewkes, on June 25, 1994, under the care of Salt Lake City (Utah) Meeting.

McBride-Gruber-Farid Robert Gruber and Rebecca McBride, on April 16, 1994, under the care of Old Chatham (N.Y.) Meeting, of which Rebecca is a member.

Moore-McCall—Tom McCall and Samantha Moore, on Sept. 17, 1994, at Third Haven (Md.) Meeting.

Starr-Evans-Tim Evans and Eileen Starr, on July 9, 1994, under the care of Fort Collins (Colo.) Meeting.

Sullivan-Weld-Charles Weld and Ruth B. Sullivan, on July 6, 1994, under the care of Poplar Ridge (N.Y.) Meeting, of which both are

Vachudova-Snyder-Tim Snyder and Milada Vachudova, on Sept. 10, 1994, under the care of Dayton (Ohio) Meeting.

Wilson-Bomze-Jeffrey Bomze and Melanie Wilson, on Oct. 22, 1994, under the care of Haverford (Pa.) Meeting.

Deaths

Cavell-Winston Wesley Cavell, 79, on Sept. 17, 1994, of pneumonia. A native of Richmond, Va., Winston was a graduate of Virginia Union University, earned a M.S. from the University of Michigan, and did two years of post-doctoral work at the University of Iowa, After teaching at the collegiate level for several years, he took a job as a government scientist in Philadelphia, Pa., in the field of pyrotechnics. Winston helped develop the device that activated emergency escape systems for manned space capsules. He held seven patents and

his research was published regularly. In 1970 he was awarded an honorary doctorate from Virginia Union University. Raised a Baptist, Winston and his wife, Mayme Edythe Stroman Cavell, began attending Friends meeting in the late 1940s. The couple joined Green Street (Pa.) Meeting in 1955, and later were active in Frankford (Pa.) Meeting. Winston served Frankford Meeting as clerk from 1962-64 and 1968-69. He was a member of Philadelphia Yearly Meeting's Race Relations Committee and the Committee on Social Concerns. He also took part in the American Friends Service Committee National Housing Program. In 1977 Winston returned to Virginia where he and his wife transferred their membership to Richmond (Va.) Meeting in 1978. A charter member and former director of the Fair Housing Council in Philadelphia, Winston continued this work in Richmond as a member of the board of Housing Opportunities Made Equal (HOME). His works included prison visitations and ministry, as well as securing shelter for the homeless. He was a member of the NAACP and ACLU. He also presented lectures in the Richmond schools on the contributions of non-white Americans. Winston is survived by his wife. Mayme; and two daughters, Mamie Cavell Adderly and Tamara Kingston Cavell.

Courtney-Winifred Fisk Courtney, 76, on Sept. 13, 1994. Born and raised in Flushing, N.Y., Winifred attended the Flushing Progressive School, Radcliffe College, and Barnard College. In 1942 she married Denis A. Courtney. Denis served in the U.S. Army during World War II and the couple lived and raised a family in Berlin, Germany, during that country's occupation. They returned to the United States in 1949 and later settled in Crotonon-Hudson, N.Y., where they raised their family and lived for more than 30 years. Winifred returned to school and earned a M.A. from SUNY-New Paltz. She taught second grade briefly, then worked as an editor with Readers' Digest Books, and, later, R.R. Bowker. Winifred's primary love was writing. Her chief work, Young Charles Lamb, was published in 1982 and widely used in college English courses. Winifred also had artistic talent, and she studied art and took classes throughout her life. Raised an Episcopalian, Winifred began attending Quaker meeting in her youth. She joined Flushing (N.Y.) Meeting shortly after returning from Germany, and transferred her membership to Scarsdale (N.Y.) Meeting in 1957. At Scarsdale Meeting she taught First-day school and served on Ministry and Counsel, as well as other committees. In the 1960s she also served on the board of Oakwood School. In 1987 Winifred and her husband moved to Greenwood, S.C. While she maintained her membership in Scarsdale Meeting, the Courtneys and other like-minded friends, calling themselves the Quasi-Quakers, met at the Courtney home one Sunday a month for silent worship, followed by a potluck meal. Winifred is survived by her husband, Denis; a son, Stephen Courtney; a daughter, Jennifer Justice; five grandchildren; and her sister, Virginia Cambreleng.

Freund—E. Hans Freund, 88, on Feb. 17, 1994 at Medford Leas nursing home, Medford, N.J. Born in Berlin, Germany, he received his doctorate in philosophy from the University of Freiburg in 1932. He came to the United States in 1940 and taught at Pendle Hill, Wallingford, Pa., as a lecturer in philosophy and instructor of German from 1941-1943 and 1945-1946, interrupted by two years of service

in the U.S. Army. In 1946 Hans joined the philosophy department at Penn State University and taught there until his retirement in 1970. He served as head of that philosophy department from 1954-1958, and published several books. Hans was a long-time member of State College (Pa.) Meeting. He had the gift of seeing the best in people, and many lives were changed by his acts of love and affirmation. His messages in meeting for worship were always welcome for their spiritual depth and insight. Hans was preceded in death by his wife, Marjorie Alderfer Freund, in 1993. He is survived by three sons, George, Howard, and Peter Freund; and two grandsons, Seth and Saul Freund.

Helfrick-Sylvia Merrill Helfrick, 77, on Sept. 29, 1994, at home in Connecticut, of cancer. Born in Weymouth, Mass., Sylvia graduated with honors from Radcliffe College in 1940. She received her medical degree in 1944 from Johns Hopkins Medical School, where she met Francis Helfrick, who was a resident at Johns Hopkins Hospital. They were married in Baltimore, Md., under the care of Homewood (Md.) Meeting. After completing her internship in Allentown, Pa., Sylvia and Francis worked for two years in Puerto Rico at a rural hospital operated by the Church of the Brethren. In 1948 the couple returned to the United States and raised a family in Manchester, Conn. In 1972 Sylvia completed psychiatric training in Middletown, Conn., and worked in two psychiatric clinics and for the Social Security Disability Administration. Sylvia and her husband helped found the Manchester Symphony Orchestra in 1960 with a dozen doctors and their spouses, who would meet in the Helfricks' home to play music together. She played viola in the group for 33 years and served as its treasurer for several years. Sylvia was a very ac-tive, long-time member of Hartford (Conn.) Meeting, in which she served as clerk, and had a special interest in religious education. Sylvia is survived by her husband, Francis Helfrick; five daughters, Elizabeth Helfrick, Sylvia Helfrick Smith, Margaret Helfrick, Dorothy Helfrick, and Christina Helfrick Mantie; a son, John Helfrick; ten grandchildren; a sister, Hilda A. Marston; and three nephews.

Moffett-Barbara Moffett, 71, on Oct. 8, 1994, at the home of a friend in Philadelphia, Pa. Born in Cape May, N.J., Barbara was a graduate of Moorestown Friends School and the New Jersey College for Women (now Douglass College), where she received a journalism degree in 1944. She worked for the former Philadelphia Record, where she was a steward in the American Newspaper Guild, before joining the American Friends Service Committee in 1947. Barbara began at AFSC as a writer and moved to the race relations department in 1954. She was named to lead the Community Relations Division two years later and held the position until her death. In 1963 Barbara's involvement in the struggle for civil rights led her to print and help distribute the letter written by Martin Luther King, Jr., from the Birmingham, Ala., jail, in which he outlined his ideas on nonviolent action. The AFSC then printed 10,000 copies, which were distributed by Friends and other religious groups. In addition to her concerns for black-white issues, Barbara also faught for the causes of Mexican workers, women, prisoners, immigrants, native Americans, and the poor. Barbara was preceded in death by her husband, Timothy Haworth,

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For more information contact Helene Pollock, President's Office, Haverford College, 370 Lancaster Avenue, Haverford, PA 19041. 610-896-1020. e-mail: hpollock@haverford.edu Nichols-Bernice Nichols, 79, on June 27, 1994. Born in Chicago, Ill., and raised in Columbia, Mo., Bernice graduated from the University of Missouri and the Chicago Art Institute. Her first job was as an administrator for the Camp Fire Girls. In 1941 Bernice traveled to Pendle Hill, Wallingford, Pa., to work and study. The following year she was employed as a case worker for Sheltering Arms, an Episcopal agency for unmarried mothers in Philadelphia. She later worked with Friends World Committee, serving as correspondent for the American Young Friends Fellowship. Here she met Herbert Nichols who served as treasurer. Bernice became a member of Race Street (Pa.) Meeting and she and Herbert were married there in 1945. During the next 15 years, Bernice worked as an administrative assistant to William Penn College President Cecil Hinshaw, and then to Wilmington College President Samuel Marble, and raised two children. She was also a founding member of Campus (Ohio) Meeting at Wilmington College. In 1960 the Nichols family moved to the University of Michigan, where Bernice produced a large volume of programs that were performed by faculty and students of the school of music. She was also a member of Ann Arbor (Mich.) Meeting. Bernice and Herbert moved to Pennsylvania in 1967 to be close to Pendle Hill, and the couple actively contributed to Media (Pa.) Meeting. The work she felt most rewarded by, however, were her years as curator of the Jane Adams Peace Collection in the Friends Historical Library at Swarthmore College. She was also a member of the Pendle Hill board for almost 30 years. Bemice was truly a "Servant Leader." Bernice is survived by her husband, Herbert Nichols; two children, Janice Scales and Bradford Bussiere-Nichols; and four grandsons.

Romig-Mary Warner Romig, 91, on Sept. 29, 1994, at Bryn Mawr Hospital, Bryn Mawr, Pa. Mary was born and grew up on a family farm in Pennsdale, Pa., and spent most of her adult life on a farm in Kennett Square, Pa. She graduated from Westtown School in 1920 and from Wellesley College in 1924. She took a job teaching Latin and mathematics at a Unionville, Pa., school, where she met her husband, a fellow teacher and an Olympic distance runner. She herself was a gymnast and hockey player, and continued to enjoy swimming and tennis during her senior years. Mary was a longtime member of the Kennett (Pa.) Meeting and community. During the past ten years she was a member of the Kennett Area Senior Center, and for the last six years she resided at Crosslands senior community. Mary's Quakerism was an integral part of her life, and she showed how to live one's beliefs, including the Quaker testimonies of simplicity and integrity. She had a warm and caring zest for life with a quiet dignity. Mary was preceded in death by her husband, John L. Romig, in 1984. She is survived by her two daughters, Betsy Romig McKinstry and Nancy Romig Harrison; six grandchildren, Bobby, Polly, Beppy, and John McKinstry, Cindy McFadden, and John Harrison; and nine great-grandchildren.

Williams—Ruth Conrow Williams, 98, on July 12, 1994, at Cadbury nursing home, Cherry Hill, N.J. Born in Cinnaminson, N.J., Ruth graduated from Moorestown Friends School in 1914. She was a member of Moorestown (N.J.) Meeting and, for many years, a very interested member of the Worship and Ministry Committee of Philadelphia Yearly Meeting. Ruth was preceded in death by her husband, J. Walker Williams. She is survived by two step-children, James W. Williams and Mary Ellen Butler; a niece, Mary Coehlo; and a nephew, Kenneth Conrow.

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Quaker Values in Family Life: A Weekend for Families, Harriet Heath, July 7-9.
Inquirers' Weekend, Liz Kamphausen and David and

B. J. Elder, July 14-16, limited child care. Men's Retreat, Brad Sheeks, July 21-23.

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Study vacations for the socially concerned Tour Guatemalan precolumbian, colonial, and contem-porary communities 4/8-17, 1995 with Quaker educator, Robert Hinshaw—30 years research/service among Mayan Indians. Also, to Sweden/Finland in June, Nova Scotia in September, and S.E. Asia in October. For travel with an anthropological focus, write Hinshaw Tours, Box 412, Allenspark, CO 80510. (303) 499-1699.

Summer Internship Program: Serve in local community service agencies, work on campus at Pendle Hill, and take part in discussion groups and skill-training sessions during a six-week exploration of service, leadership, and community. Expect to work hard, have fun, and learn how community. Expect to work hard, have fun, and learn how to balance your need for inner growth and nurture with your concern to serve others and live in community. June 17 - July 31. \$800 stipend plus room and board. Applications due by April 1. Limited to youth ages 18-24; some knowledge of Quakerism is required. For details contact: Alex Kern, Pendle Hill, Box F, 338 Plush Mill Road, Wallingford, PA 19086-6099. (610) 566-4507 or (800) 742-3150.

Consider a Costa Rican study tour. April 8–15, 1995, and August 24–September 4, 1995. Call or write Roy Joe and Ruth Stuckey, 1182 Hornbeam Road, Sabina, OH 45169. Phone: (513) 584-2900.

Chatwalijoq Spanish School. Total immersion Spanish lessons, indigenous projects, living with family. Quetzaltenango, Guatemala. For information: P.O. Box 43562, Tucson, AZ 85733.

Opportunities Wanted

Volunteer (teacher/counselor, 58, energetic, French speaking) seeks meaningful work in France mid-June to mid-August in exchange for room and board. Contact: Joan A. Fuhro, 239 Kramer Street, Carrollton, GA 30117, USA; telephone: (404) 834-1877.

Performing Arts

Music at Pendle Hill Exploring the Mennonite Music Tradition, March 11 Bob Franke in concert, March 25

For details contact: Irene Ramsey, Pendle Hill, Box F, 338 Plush Mill Road, Wallingford, PA 19086-6099. (610) 566-4507 or (800) 742-3150.

Royale Musicke-Renaissance and Baroque music for your wedding, party, or special occasion. Classical guitar and recorder/flute duo (609) 858-9374.

Personals

Phyllis Stine Schultz, member of Monadnock (N.H.) Meeting, has legally changed her name to Jean Stine.

Concerned Singles

Concerned Singles Newsletter links compatible, socally conscious singles who care about peace, social justice, civil rights, gender equity, and the environment. Nationwide. All ages. Since 1984. Free sample: Box 555-FJ, Stockbridge, MA 01262.

Family Reunion: Descendents of Richard & Mary Edge Pim, married April 24, 1833, will gather late June 1995 in Chester County, Pa. If interested, write to Pim Reunion, P.O. Box 1799, Westtown School, Westtown, PA 19395-

Single Booklovers, a national group, has been getting unattached booklovers together since 1970. Please write Box 117, Gradyville, PA 19039, or call (215) 358-5049.

Classical Music Lovers' Exchange—Nationwide link between unattached music lovers. (800) 233-CMLS; Box 31, Pelham, NY 10803.

Positions Vacant

Business Manager/Fundraiser Quaker School

Cambridge Friends School, a K-8 coed Quaker day school in Cambridge, Mass., seeks a director of finance and development to begin in July 1995. Must have experience in financial management or fundraising, and ability to learn on the job. A master's degree and 5 years experience preferred. The director manages the annual fund, foundation grant requests, and the financial operation of a school with 205 students, a \$2.3 million operating budget, and a \$3+ million endowment.

Familiarity with a school setting, strong interpersonal communication, computer, and organizational skills are essential. The director will work as a part of a dynamic administrative team. The school is committed to social justice and a multicultural curriculum. All interested and qualified persons should apply by sending a letter of interest, a resume, and list of three professional references to the hiring committee. Quakers and people of to: Finance/Development Hiring Committee, c/o
Thomas W. Price, Head of School, Cambridge Friends
School, 5 Cadbury Road, Cambridge, MA 02140. Fax
(817) 975-1915

Manufacturer of new technology for pumping potable water in Third World nations seeks installation technicians. Candidates should have mechanical ability and willingness to travel. Experience with international aid agencies is desirable. Please send letter and resume to P.O. Box 7126, Trenton, NJ 08628.

Information Technologies/Reference Librarian. Earlham College. Full-time position responsible for librar-ies' computer technology including management of electronic access services (CD-ROM's and on-line services and local implementation of Earlham's participation in statewide library system [DRA] of private colleges). Person filling position will share responsibilities for reference/bibliographic instruction services with four other librarians, including night and weekend assignments. MLS or other relevant graduate degree or experience in library computer technology required. Interest in reference work with strong written and oral communication kills essential. Academic library experience preferred. Position available beginning August 1; starting date ne-gotiable. Review of applications will begin March 20, and continue until position is filled. Send resume, the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of three references to: Thomas G. Kirk, Jr., College Librarian, Earlham College, Richmond, IN 47374. Earlham College is a liberal arts college affiliated with the Society of Friends and as an affirmative action, equal opportunity employer wel-comes applications from women, racial minorities, and Friends Committee on National Legislation (FCNL) seeks full-time legislative secretary (lobbyist). Job requires knowledge of and some experience with legislative quires knowledge of and some experience with legislative processes; excellent writing, research, and communication skills; understanding of and sympathy with Friends' testimonies and FCNL's legislative policies; excellent interpersonal skills and ability to work in coalitions. Application deadline June 15. Salary range \$38,700-\$48,400; full benefits. Send letter of inquiry to: Nancy Marlow, FCNL, 245 Second Street, NE, Washington, DC 20002-

Part-time resident Friend, or couple, sought for Friends Meeting at Cambridge, to begin in the fall or winter of 1995. Applicant(s) should be seasoned Friends and en-1930. Apparcant(s) should be seasoned Friends and enjoy working with people. Please send resume and letter of interest as soon as possible to: Search Committee, Friends Meeting at Cambridge, 5 Longfellow Park, Cambridge, MA 02138-4816.

Summer employment—Beautiful Adirondack Park, private children's camp in lake and mountain district. Unique national and international clientele. Some department head and division leader positions open. Also, tennis, athletics, sailing, waterskiing, wilderness trips, dramatics, arts/crafts, nurse, and office. Family accommodations, children welcome. Under Quaker leadership since 1946. M. Q. Humes, 107 Robinhood Road, White Plains, NY 10605. (914) 997-7039.

Summer Youth Programs Co-coordinators: Organize and lead two Pendle Hill summer programs: the High School Youthcamp and the Community Service and Lead-ership Development Internship for people ages 18–24. Youth work/community service experience and knowledge of Quakerism required. Room, board, and salary. Contact: Alex Kern at (800) 742-3150.

Wanted: Resident Friend for Santa Fe Monthly Meeting. 1-2 years. Housing in exchange for care-taking. Available 11/1/95. Write for information. SFMM, Attn: Resident Search, 630 Canyon Road, Santa Fe, NM 87501.

Patient people to accompany defendants' families dur-ing death penalty trials. Provide hospitality for prisoners' families: quiet, rural setting and flexible hours. Opportunity for older people Spring/Fall/Winter. New Hope House, P.O. Box 1213 Griffin, GA 30224. (404) 358-1148.

Arthur Morgan School. Small junior high boarding school seeks houseparents for '95-96 school year. Positions also include a mix of other responsibilities: teaching (academics and/or electives), leading work projects and outdoor trips, maintenance, gardening, cooking. Particu-larly seeking someone experienced in maintenance. Intimate community of staff and students; consensus run. Simple living; beautiful mountain setting. Contact: Sarah Delcourt, AMS, 1901 Hannah Branch Road, Burnsville, NC 28714; (704) 675-4262.

Friends Camp needs talented counselors who can teach crafts, pottery, sports, canoeing, sailing. Also needs E.M.T., W.S.I., and certified lifeguards, head and assistant cooks. Help us build a Quaker community, where you can put your faith into practice. Call or write: Susan Morris, Director, P.O. Box 84, E. Vassalboro, ME 04935; (207) 923-3975; e-mail: SUSANMORRIS@Delphi.Com.

M.D. Ob-Gyn needed to help establish friendly practice with N. P. Ob-Gyn in small, rural town within the mountains of Idaho. Please write: Susanna Marquette, H.C. 61 Box 142, Salmon, ID 83467; (208) 894-2421.

Quaker Interns. Year-long, Philadelphia-based, paid internship with Friends World Committee for Consultation, Section of the Americas, starting August/September 1995. Duties include editing newsletter, processing donations, facilitating greater youth involvement, maintaining com-puter data-base, reviewing Quaker literature, staffing the Development and Interpretation Committees, and assisting with general office duties. Write, call, or fax for application—Attention: Mark Cary, FWCC, 1506 Race Street, Philadelphia, PA 19102. Telephone: (215) 241-7285, Applications due by April 1, 2021.

Intern Position—AFSC Washington Office: Starting September 1, 1995, this full-time, paid, nine-month position is usually filled by a recent college graduate. The intern will assist in varied program and interpretation tasks arising from AFSC work on peace and social justice issues and with Davis House, an international guest house. Applica-tions close March 31. AFSC-Davis House, 1822 R Street NW, Washington, DC 20009. (202) 483-3341.

Need counselors and cook for small, Quaker-led farm camp. Skills in lifeguarding, nature, pottery, shop, farming are useful. Emphasize simplicity, peace, environmental awareness. For children ages 7–12. Carl and Kristin Curtis, Journey's End Farm Camp, Box 136, Newfoundland, PA 18445. (717) 689-7552; 3911. Especially need counselors/lifeguards.

Vermont Adventure: The Farm and Wilderness camps seek cooks and counselors for a nine-week summer program. Skills in cooking, farming, canoeing, hiking, swimming, carpentry, and crafts. Quaker leadership, diversified community. Write or call: Carla M. Mazzariello, Farm and Wilderness, HCR 70, Box 27, Plymouth, VT 05056. (802) 422-3761.

Service community, Innisfree Village. Volunteers live and work with adults with mental disabilities on a farm in the Blue Ridge Mountains. Must be 21, able to stay one year. Receive room, board, medical benefits, and \$160/month. Recruiting, Innisfree, Rte. 2, Box 506, Crozet, VA 22932.

Friends Music Camp staff positions, summer 1995. Possibly needed: instrumental, voice, piano, chorus teachers; musical theatre director. FMC, P.O. Box 427, Yellow Springs, OH 45387. (513) 767-1311.

Rentals & Retreats

Maine coast. Attractive house on Westport Island (with bridge). Deck, spruces, deep water, small rocky point and cove. Weekly rates: June \$375, July \$500, August \$550. (617) 489-2465.

Costa Rica-Charming furnished apartment, spectacular Manuel Antonio jungle and Pacific ocean views. Pristine beaches. \$300/week, lower off season/long term. Telephone/Fax (904) 461-3175.

Bald Head Island, N.C. Lovely panoramic view of ocean, dunes, lagoon, and golf course from four-bedroom, two-bathroom, beautifully furnished house with wrap-around deck, electric golf cart. 14 miles of beach, championship golf, tennis, croquet, swimming, and fishing. 13,000 acres of maritime wilderness. Many birds and wildflowers. No cars on island. Peaceful, friendly. Rental by day or week. (215) 699-9186.

Coastal Maine. Spacious house sleeps eight. Deck overlooks pond. Beautiful woods, saltwater cove, swimming, canoeing. Island ferries, beaches, woods walks, theaters, concerts, Friends Meetings. \$700+/week. Dam Cove Lodge. (207) 443-9446.

Nantucket Island oceanfront summer house. Antique charming three bedroom cottage. Beautiful ocean beach. Comfortably furnished, quiet, private. Sleeps five. Available June to September. \$700 to \$1400 weekly. (212) 255-0259.

Retirement Living

Walton Retirement Home—a non-profit ministry of the Ohio Yearly Meeting, invites you to come and retire with dignity at Walton. Set up your new home in an Independent Living Apartment as part of a sharing and caring community. For further information please contact: Nirmal Kaul, Manager, Walton Retirement Home, 61675 Roosevelt Road, Barnesville, OH 43713. Phone: (614) 425-2635.

Foxdale Village, a Quaker life-care community. Thoughtfully designed cottages complemented by attractive dining facilities, auditorium, library, and full medical protection. Setting is a wonderful combination of rural and university environment. Entry fees from \$40,000-\$137,000; monthly fees from \$1,110-\$2,247. 500 East Marylyn Avenue, Department F, State College, PA 16801. Telephone: (800) 253-4951.

FRIENDS HOMES West

Friends Homes West, the new continuing care retirement community in Greensboro, North Carolina, is now open. Friends Homes West is owned by Friends Homes, nc., specialists in retirement living since 1968. Friends Homes West includes 171 apartments for independent living and on-site health care services in the 28 private rooms of the Assisted Living Unit or the 40 private rooms of the Skilled Care Nursing Unit. Enjoy a beautiful community in a location with temperate winters and changing seasons. For more information, please call (910) 292-9952, or write: Friends Homes West, 6100 West Friendly Road, Greensboro, NC 27410.

Schools

The Meeting School: a Quaker alternative high school for 30 students who want an education and lifestyle promoting Friends testimonies of peace, equality, and simplicity. Students live in faculty homes, sharing meals, campus work, silence, community decision-making. Characteristic classes include: Conflict Resolution, Native American Studies, Ecology, Human Rights, Alternative

Housing, Mythology, Quantum Physics. College preparatory and alternative graduation plans. Wooded rural setting near Mt. Monadnock; organic garden, draft horses, sheep, poultry. Annual four-week intensive independent study projects. The Meeting School, 56 Thomas Road, Rindge, NH 03461. (603) 899-3366.

Lansdowne Friends School—A small Friends school for boys and girls 3 years of age through 6th grade, rooted in Quaker values. We provide children with a quality academic and a developmentally appropriate program in a nurturing environment. Whole language, thematic education, conflict resolution, Spanish, after-school care, summer program. 110 N. Lansdowne Avenue, Lansdowne, PA 19050. (610) 623-2548.

Junior high boarding school for grades 7, 8, 9. Small, academic classes, challenging outdoor experiences, community service, consensus decision-making, daily work projects in a small, caring, community environment. Arthur Morgan School, 1901 Hannah Branch Road, Burnsville, NC 28714; (704) 675-4262.

Olney Friends School. A safe, caring, value-centered, educational community for students in grades 9–12. A college preparatory curriculum emphasizing a belief in the individual and his/her own abilities makes Olney a positive environment in which to live and learn. 61830 Sandy Ridge Road, Barnesville, OH 43713. Phone: (614) 425-3655.

United Friends School: coed; K-6; emphasizing integrated, developmentally appropriate curriculum, including whole language and manipulative math; serving upper Bucks County. 20 South 10th Street, Quakertown, PA 18951. (215) 538-1733.

A value-centered school for elementary students with learning differences. Small, remedial classes, qualified staff, serving Philadelphia and northern suburbs. The Quaker School at Horsham, 318 Meeting House Road, Horsham, PA 19044. (215) 674-2875.

Stratford Friends School provides a strong academic program in a warm, supportive, ungraded setting for children ages 5 to 13 who learn differently. Small classes and an enriched curriculum answer the needs of the whole child. An at-risk program for five-year-olds is available. The school also offers an extended day program, tutoring, and summer school. Information: Stratford Friends School, 5 Llandillo Road, Havertown, PA 19083. (610) 446-3144.

John Woolman School. Rural California, grades 9–12. Preparation for college and adulthood, small classes, caring staff, work program, service projects; board, day. 13075 Woolman Lane, Nevada City, CA 95959. (916) 273-3183.

Services Offered

Socially Responsible Investing
Using client-specified social criteria, I screen invest-

Using client-specified social criteria, I screen investments. I use a financial planning approach to portfolio management by identifying individual objectives and designing an investment strategy. I work with individuals and business. Call: Sacha Millstone; Raymond, James & Associates, Inc., member NYSE, SIPC. (202) 789-0585 in Washington, D.C., area, or (800) 982-3035.

Friendly financial services. Let me help you prepare for retirement or work out an estate plan. Socially responsible investments are my specialty. Call Joyce K. Moore, Joyce K. Moore Financial Services, at (610) 258-7532. (Securities offered by: Washington Square Securities, 1423 N. 28th St., Allentown, PA 18104; (610) 437-2812.)

Put Your Best Look Forward! Creative Video Productions and Multi Media Presentations: including corporate identity, new product releases, employee/customer training, specialty video presentations, broadcast quality commercials for television and radio. From scripting to post production. Felice Philip Verrecchia, 120 W. Union Street, WC, PA 19382. (610) 429-4484, Fax (610) 429-4485. Member: London Grove Meeting.

Marriage Certificates. Fine calligraphy and beautiful custom-designed borders. Call or write for information. Carol Simon Sexton, 820 West Main Street, Richmond, IN 47374. (317) 962-1794.

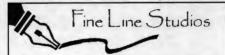
Buying or selling a home in Montgomery Co., Bucks Co., or Philadelphia area? Call Fran Oldynski of John N. Weiss, Inc. Realtors, at (215) 379-2002 (O) or (215) 745-7061 (H). Fifteen years experience. Member Abington Monthly Meeting.

General Contractor. Repairs or alterations on old or historical buildings. Storm and fire damage restored. John File, 1147 Bloomdale Rd., Philadelphia, PA 19115. (215) 464-2207.

Family Relations Committee's Counseling Service (PYM) provides confidential professional counseling to individuals, couples in most geographic areas of Philadelphia Yearly Meeting. All counselors are Quakers. All Friends, regular attenders, and employees of Friends organizations are eligible. Sliding fees. Further information or brochure, contact: Steve Gulick, 1501 Cherry St., Philadelphia, PA 19102. (215) 988-0140.

We are a fellowship, Friends mostly, seeking to enrich and expand our spiritual experience. We seek to obey the promptings of the Spirit, however named. We meet, publish, correspond. Inquiries welcome! Write Quaker Universalist Fellowship, 121 Watson Mill. Road, Landenberg, PA 19350-9344.

Celo Valley Books: Personal attention to all phases of book production (25 copies and up). Typing, editing, layout, final delivery. Free brochure. 346 Seven Mile Ridge Road, Burnsville NC 28714.



Marriage certificates, Birth announcements, Invitations, etc. Do justice to your event with our calligraphy and award-winning graphic design. Call (800) 763-0053 or Fax (610) 692-3394.

Moving to North Carolina? Maybe David Brown, a Quaker real estate broker, can help. Contact him at 1208 Pinewood Dr., Greensboro, NC 27410. (910) 294-2095.



Forum Travel

Quaker-owned-and-managed travel agency. Friendly, experienced service; domestic and international; overnight delivery. (800) 888-4099.

FRIENDS JOURNAL typesetting and design services. Our professional expertise is available to you at reasonable rates. 1501 Cherry Street, Philadelphia, PA 19102-1497.

Wedding Certificates, birth testimonials, poetry, gifts all done in beautiful calligraphy and watercolor illumination. Book early for spring weddings. Write or call Leslie Mitchell, 2840 Bristol Rd., Bensalem, PA 19020. (215) 752-5554.

Summer Camps

Mountain Meadow Summer Camp. Multi-racial camp for kids from progressive families including those with gay parents, near Philadelphia. Emphasizing cooperation and creativity. Ages 9–14. One- and 2-week sessions 8/20–9/2. Sliding scale. SASE to 35 W. Mt. Airy Avenue, Philadelphia, PA 19119. (215) 242-3037.

Friends Music Camp: Fantastic music-Quaker-community experience, ages 10–18. FMC, PQ Box 427, Yellow Springs, OH 45387. (513) 767-1311 or (513) 767-1818.

Summer Rentals

Adirondacks—Housekeeping cabins on quiet, unspoiled lake—fireplaces—fully equipped—June through September—(609) 654-3659 or write Dreby, Cranberry Lake, NY 12927.

Downeast Maine. Secluded cabin on shore in National Wildlife Preserve. Sleeps four. All conveniences. \$600 plus utilities for two weeks. Mid-May to October. (610) 649-7037.

Prince Edward Island, Canada. Seaside cottage on private peninsula. 180-degree sweep of sea and sky. Warm swimming, excellent birding, bicycling, fishing. Regain contact with the natural world. Completely equipped. \$450/week. Available late June and July. (610) 399-0432.

Summer Cottage in Rufus Jones' Country: Lake-front cottage; 2 bedrooms, screened sleeping porch on China Lake in south-central Maine, one hour to Maine coast. Available for weekly or monthly rental June-August; \$375 weekly or \$1300 monthly; 2-week minimum preferable. Contact: Marilyn or Bob Clark, 5405 Purlington Way, Baltimore, MD 21212. Phone: (410) 435-8683.

Summer rental by week or month, well equipped house on coast south Bristol, Maine. Sleeps six and includes use beach, float, and mooring. (610) 558-2656.

Follow the trail of the Great Blue Heron. P.E.I. Canada. New bay-front cottage—3 bedrooms, 1 1/2 baths. 3 acre lawn. Splendid view. Berry picking, private picnics on miles of clean sand beaches. Fresh seafood. \$550 per week. James Fox, 18 Power Court, Greenfield, MA 01301. (413) 774-3733.

FRIENDS JOURNAL

1994 Index



How to Use This Index

The numbers after the author and subject entries on this page refer to the numbered articles beginning on page 44. Articles are listed chronologically according to the date they appeared and include the title, author, issue, and page number. All book reviews and poetry ane listed by author. Reports are listed by organization.

Authors

Abrams, Irwin, 91 Alexander, Mary Ellen, 74 Allen, James H., 103 Anderson, Jonathan, 97 Arrington, Maria, 86 Authors Various, 125 Bacon, Margaret Hope, 27 Balassa, Alice M., 2 Barber, Laurence, 3 Barratt, Pam (Jeffery), 16 Bieber, Nancy L., 92 Bell, Malcolm, 36 Bennett, Dulany, 47 Boeger, Yvonne, 129 Boone, Jim, 81 Booth, Kathy, 66 Borgers, Edward, 15 Bowman, Judith Pruess, 83 Brinton, Ted, 45 Brinton, Toni, 98 Brown, Judith, 38, 114 Caldwell, Barrett, 57 Calvi, John, 115 Cary, Stephen, 107 Champney, Peg, 51 Charland, William, 113 Claggett-Borne, Elizabeth, 88 Clements, David, 79 Cobb, Henry, 64 Coggan, Catherine, 76 Collett, Stephen, 18 Confer, Harold B., 49 Crowe, Avis, 7 Cunningham, Elizabeth, 62 Dahlke, H. Otto, 94 Davison, Steven, 72 Deming, Vinton, 1, 8, 19, 31, 46, 58, 68, 78, 87, 89, 96, 108, 119 Edgerton, William, 126 Elliott, Melissa Kay, 55 Felice, Renee-Noelle, 61 Felton, Walter W., 50 Fitz-Hugh, Lynn, 63

Flower, Ruth, 130 Gething, Phillip, 23 Gilpin, Mariellen, 4, 110 Green, Holly, 29 Groff, Nicole, 28 Heath, Harriet, 42, 67, 106, 131 Herst, Jr., Herman, 85 Hechmer, Michael, 5 Heckman, Bruce, 48 Hole, Francis D., 52 Holland, Dean, 102 Hubbard, Allen D., 104 Huggins, Geoffrey G., 69 Jeavons, Thomas, 124 Justin, Renate G., 128 Kolodny, Debra, 13 Kunkel, Robert, 21 Lakey, George, 33 Lamme, Rob, 101 Larrabee, Margery M., 9 Leishear, A. Zoland, 24 Levering, Ralph, 59 MacCormack, Carol, 60 Manousos, Anthony, 71 McBee, Patricia, 70 Miller, Larry, 111 Mohr, Chris, 95 Morgan, John C., 75 Morscheck, Peter, 44 Morris, William P., 56 Mueller, Melissa, 40 Mürer, Esther Greenleaf, 105 Murphy, Ed, 77 Myers, Barbara J., 123 Nobleman, Roberta, 84 O'Brien, Frank, 32 Oftedahl, Randy, 20 O'Reilley, Mary Rose, 112 Paape, Nani, 6 Perkins, Jeff, 22 Poston, Chip, 35 Reich, Ilse Ollendorff, 127 Renshaw, Betty, 13 Rufus Jones Associates Newsletter, 117 Russell, Donovan, 109 Schaaf, Marta, 43 Schenck, Patience, 118 Schmoe, Floyd, 120 Schutz, Robert, 121 Seaton, Karen, 28 Shen, David, 10 Smith, A. Robert, 17 Snyder, Joseph H., 122 Spivek, Roberta, 37 Stauffer, Bob, 82 Taibbi, Bob, 26 Thomas, Susanna, 14 Toy, Judith, 39 Toy, Phillip, 39 Treadwell, Perry, 12 Van Haitsma, Susan, 11 van Wormer, Katherine, 65 Volk, Joe, 30

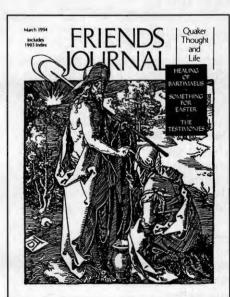
Wair, Claudia Y., 80 Weber, Amy, 100 Wells, Diana, 53, 99 Whitlock, Kay, 41 Wilkinson, Signe, 90 Winters, Susan, 34 Witte, Warren A., 54 Yaukey, Grace, 116 Zunes, Stephen, 93

Subjects

Advancement 90 Activities 46 Aging 27, 54, 55, 129 AIDS 6, 61 Arts 84, 105 Biblical Analysis 22 Children 14, 17, 19, 39, 42, 55, 67, 86, 92, 105, 106, 108, 116, 128, 131 Christmas 122, 123, 130, 131 Christocentrism 21, 22 Community 118 Death 6, 53, 60, 75 Disarmament 30, 45 Draft 97 Economics 121 **Education 16** Educational 28, 128 Environment 41, 52, 98, 100 Family 19, 26, 68, 108, 110, 131 Fiction 23, 71, 94 Friends Institutions 25, 45, 47, 49, 50, 54, 55, 58, 66, 73, 78, 89, 91, 100, 101, 107, 111, 113, 130 Friends Journal Activities 58 Friends Meeting 1, 3, 4, 6, 7, 9, 13, 14, 48, 50, 57, 72, 76, 77, 79, 86, 92, 114, 115, 118, 129 Friends Testimonies 5, 20, 21, 24 Friendship 12, 48, 62, 68, 112, 119, 120, 129 Gambling 20 Gay Rights 81, 93 Good Order of Friends 25, 79, 94, 115 Handicapped 39 Healing 6, 74, 116 History 50, 85, 96, 98, 99, 105, 106, 111, 113, 115 Homosexuality 3, 13 Humor 23, 78, 84, 90, 94 International 2, 16, 18, 28, 30, 31, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 43, 44, 46, 66, 82, 95, 100, 103, 116, 126, 127, Marriage 3, 13, 27, 70, 108 Membership 9, 32 Music 50, 51 Native Americans 20 Nature 53, 98, 99, 123 Nonviolence 15, 17, 18, 31, 33, 34, 35,

37, 46, 58, 69, 91, 102, 106, 125,

Parenting 42, 56, 67, 86, 106, 131 Peace 18, 23, 28, 29, 30, 36, 44, 58, 69, 82, 87, 91, 102, 103, 119, 120, 125, Peace Activities 8, 10, 11, 12, 17, 45, 65, 101 Personal Presence 9, 53, 56, 60, 61, 70, 116, 117, 122, 127 Personalities 11, 56, 59, 85, 94, 96, 98, 99, 100, 111 Political Action 30, 87, 95, 109 Poverty 15, 38, 95, 121 Prayer 83, 124 Quakerism Today 1, 3, 5, 13, 15, 16, 23, 32, 40, 41, 49, 54, 79, 80, 88, 90, 93, 97, 101, 114, 118 Race 15, 34, 80, 88 Relationships 27, 60 Religions and the World 19, 29, 40, 41, 130 Self-realization 27 Service 107, 113, 114, 117 Sexual Abuse 73, 74 Simplicity 5 Social Action 29, 65, 88, 93,109 Social Concerns 15, 80, 81 South Africa 34 Spiritual Growth 2, 4, 26, 47, 52, 61, 62, 63, 71, 75, 76, 83, 84, 103, 110, 112, 115, 123 Stewardship 25 Technology 72, 78 Theological Reflection 22, 24, 63, 64, 77, 83, 104, 124 United Nations 18, 66 War Tax Resistance 8, 10, 11, 12, 87 Worship 4, 7, 14, 48, 57 Youth 28, 43, 44, 50, 65, 107, 117



Articles

- "Simply Dazzling," Vinton Deming, 1: 2
- "Something You Somehow Haven't to Deserve," Alice M. Balassa, 1: 6-7
- "Marriage Question(s), The," Laurence Barber 1: 8-9
- 4. "Meditation 101," Mariellen Gilpin, 1: 10-12
- 5. "On Simplicity," Michael Hechmer, 1: 13-14
- "AIDS Care Among Friends: A Care Committee Story," Nani Paape, 1: 15-17
- "Getting and Giving in Worship," Avis Crowe, 1: 20
- 8. "Steady Drops," Vinton Deming, 2:2
- 9. "Spirit-led Listening," Margery M. Larrabee, 2: 7-8
- 10. "Follow God's Will," David Shen,2: 9
- 11. "Doctor's Peace Testimony, A," Susan Van Haitsma, 2: 10-12
- 12. "Fruits of a Leading," Perry Treadwell, 2: 13
- 13. "As Long as We Both Shall Live, One Meeting's Path to a Same-Gender Marriage Minute," Debra Kolodny and Betty Renshaw, 2: 14-16
- "Welcome for Michael, A," Susanna Thomas, 2: 16-17
- "Orange House Crisis, The," Edward Borgers, 2: 18-19
- "Nothing is Impossible: Traveling Among Bolivian Quakers," Pam (Jeffery) Barratt, 2: 20-23
- "Lost Children: Family Day at an Arms Fair," A. Robert Smith, 2: 26-27
- "New Challenges for Friends and the United Nations," Stephen Collett, 2: 30
- 19. "In the Bathtub?," Vinton Deming, 3: 2
- 20. "Our Latest Addiction," Randy Oftedahl, 3: 5
- 21. "Something for Easter," Robert Kunkel, 3: 7-8
- 22. "Healing of Bartimaeus, the Blind Beggar," Jeff Perkins, 3: 9-10
- 23. "Letter from Ruritania," Phillip Gething, 3: 11-12
- 24. "Testimonies, The," A. Zoland Leishear, 3: 13
- 25. "Friends Helping Friends," Gordon Browne, 3: 14-16
- 26. "To Build, to Discover," Bob Taibbi, 3: 17
- 27. "Grow Old Along with Me," Margaret Hope Bacon, 3: 18-19
- "Sharing Our Lives," Karen Seaton and Nicole Groff, 3: 20-22
- 29. "Summer with Jubilee Partners,"

126, 127, 128

Holly Green, 3: 23

- 30. "Can We Deter U.S. Arms Trade?" Joe Volk, 3: 24-25
- 31. "Somewhere Between," Vinton Deming, 4: 2
- 32. "Metaphysical Seas and Ouaker Latitude," Frank O'Brien, 4: 5
- 33. "Global Adventures for Nonviolence (or The Ego Takes Its Knocks)," George Lakev, 4: 7-9
- 34. Unique Spirit at Work, A," Susan Winters, 4: 10-12
- 35. "Struggling with the Peace Testimony in Jerusalem," Chip Poston, 4: 13-14
- 36. "Longing for Peace," Malcolm Bell, 4: 14
- 37. "Wrestling with Intervention," Roberta Spivek, 4: 15-17
- 38. "Out of Africa: Ouestions and Certainties," Judith Brown, 4: 18
- 39. "Romania: Not a Travelogue," Judith and Philip Toy, 4: 19-21
- 40. "We are Just the Same," Melissa Mueller, 4: 22-23
- 41. "Leading of Love: Responding to the Midwestern Floods of 1993, A," Kay Whitlock, 4: 24-26
- 42. "Listening," Harriet Heath, 4:27
- 43. "Friendly Trip to Northern Ireland, A," Marta Schaaf, 4: 28-29
- 44. "International Peace Exchange in Japan," Peter Morscheck, 4: 29-30
- 45. "Converting the Cold War Economy: Swords Into Plowshares," Ted Brinton, 4: 33
- 46. "No Safe Dallying," Vinton Deming, 5: 2
- 47. "My Spiritual Journey with the AFSC," Dulany Bennett, 5: 5
- 48. "Irwin and Me," Bruce Heckman, 5: 7
- 49. "Images of Service," Harold B. Confer, 5: 8-9
- 50. "George Fox Encouraged Singing in the Spirit," Walter W. Felton, 5: 10-11
- 51. "Fourteen Years of Music-Making and Community," Peg Champney 5: 12-13
- 52. "Press of My Foot to the Earth, The," Francis D. Hole, 5: 14
- 53. "Daffodils," Diana Wells, 5: 16-17
- 54. "Interpreting the Friendly Way." Warren A. Witte, 5: 18-21
- 55. "Sounds Tasty, But Is It Quaker?" Melissa Kay Elliott, 5: 18-20
- 56. "Haircutting and Dad," William P. Morris, 5: 22-23
- 57. "Those Who Take Care of That Sort of Thing," Barrett Caldwell, 5: 24
- 58. "On the Road," Vinton Deming, 6: 2
- 59. "Remembering Miriam and Sam Levering," Ralph Levering, 6: 7-9
- 60. "Dying as Pilgrimage, Grieving as

- the Hero's Journey," Carol MacCormack, 6: 10-12
- 61. "Accepting the Unacceptable," Renee-Noelle Felice, 6: 13-14
- 62. "Alone-ness," Elizabeth Cunningham, 6: 14-15
- 63. "Unnameable One, The," Lynn Fitz-Hugh, 6: 16
- 64. "Godspeak: A Philosophical Reflection on the Inner Light," Henry Cobb, 6: 17-18
- 65. "Challenging a Creeping Military Presence," Katherine van Wormer, 6: 19
- 66. "Seeking Peace and Relief in Sudan," Kathy Booth, 6: 20
- 67. "Special Moments," Harriet Heath, 6:23
- 68. "Round-trip," Vinton Deming, 7: 2 69. "Choosing Active Nonviolence,"
- Geoffrey G. Huggins, 7: 5
- 70. "Marriage as a Spiritual Discipline," Patricia McBee, 7: 6-8
- 71. "Uses of Silence, The," Anthony Manousos, 7:9
- 72. "Friends' Use of Electronic Communications," Steven Davison, 7: 10-12
- 73. "Even among Friends," Judy Brutz, 7: 13-14
- 74. "Closer to God," Mary Ellen Alexander, 7: 13-14
- 75. "Quietly Kindling the Fire: Life after Life," John C. Morgan, 7: 15
- 76. "On Painting the Kitchen," Catherine Coggan, 7: 16-17
- 77. "Waiting Silently," Ed Murphy, 7: 21 78. "By the Number," Vinton Deming,
- 79. "On Quaker Authority," David Clements, 8: 5
- 80. "Different Trees," Claudia Y. Wair, 8: 6-7
- 81. "Code of Dishonor," Jim Boone, 8: 8-9
- 82. "Two Bells for Peace," Bob Stauffer, 8: 10
- 83. "Practicing the Presence of God," Judith Pruess Bowman, 8: 11-13
- 84. "Of Life and Limb," Roberta Nobleman, 8: 14-15
- 85. "John Thorogood, Martyr for Conscience," Herman Herst, Jr., 8: 16-19
- 86. "Blessing for Alasdair, A," Maria Arrington, 8: 20
- 87. "For the Sake of Conscience," Vinton Deming, 9: 2
- 88. "Does Love Include Justice?" Elizabeth Claggett-Borne, 9: 5
- 89. "Living the Spirit: Listening. . . Acting," Vinton Deming, 9: 7-9

90. "Coming Out as a Quaker," Signe

- Wilkinson, 9: 10-11
- 91, "The Dilemma of Not Speaking Truth to Power," Irwin Abrams, 9: 12
- 92. "Why I Am Glad My Children Were Raised Quaker," Nancy L. Bieber, 9: 13-14
- 93. "Friends and the Debate over Gay Rights," Stephen Zunes, 9: 16-17
- 94. "Fox and Me." H. Otto Dahlke. 9: 18-19
- 95. "The Fourth World Family Congress," Chris Mohr, 9: 20-21
- 96. "More than a Birthday Candle," Vinton Deming, 10: 2
- 97. "Why a Quaker Supports Reinstituting the Draft," Jonathan Anderson, 10: 5
- 98. "An Enduring Green Gift," Toni Brinton, 10: 7-10
- 99. "Quakers and Gardening," Diana Wells, 10: 8-9
- 100. "In Memory of Ann Kriebel," Amy Weber, 10: 11
- 101. "Fayetteville's Quaker House: In an Ocean of Darkness," Rob Lamme, 10: 12-15
- 102. "We Must Renounce War," Dean Holland, 10: 14-15
- 103. "The Light in the Mist of the Queen of Suffering," James H. Allen, 10: 16-17
- 104. "God the Father, Mother, or What?" Allen D. Hubbard, 10: 18-19
- 105. "Ouakerism and the Arts," Esther Greenleaf Mürer, 10: 20-21
- 106. "William Penn, George Fox, and Violent Play: Lessons for Quaker Parents?" Harriet Heath, 10: 22-23
- 107. "AFSC and Youth: Shades of Yesterday, Shapes of Tomorrow," Stephen Cary, 10: 24-25
- 108. "Steady Modification," Vinton Deming, 11: 2
- 109. "Proposed Legislation," Donovan Russell, 11:5
- 110. "Light Enough," Mariellen O. Gilpin, 11: 8
- 111. "Clarence Pickett and the Alger Hiss Case," Larry Miller, 11: 9-13 and 12: 12-15
- 112. "Deep Listening," Mary Rose O'Reilley, 11:16-18
- 113. "Service, a Sacrament for Quakers?" William Charland, 11: 19-20
- 114. "When Meetings Take Risks," Judith Brown, 11: 21-22
- 115. "Released to do Good Works," John Calvi, 11: 22-24
- 116. "The Doctor and the Child," Grace Yaukey, 11: 25-27
- 117. "Friends Student Workcamp: Continuing a Tradition," Rufus Jones

Associates Newsletter, 11: 28 118. "Building Inclusive Communities," Patience A. Schenck, 11: 29

119. "Opportunities to Serve," Vinton Deming, 12: 2

120. "Cliff Dwellers We," Floyd Schmoe, 12: 2

121. "That Stupid Economy." Robert Schutz, 12: 5

122. "Christmas Eve," Joseph H. Snyder, 12: 7

123. "On Pruning Christmas Trees," Barbara J. Myers, 12: 8-9

124. "How Will I Learn How to Pray?" Thomas Jeavons, 12: 11

125. "Speaking Truth to Power: Readers Respond," Authors Various, 12: 16-19

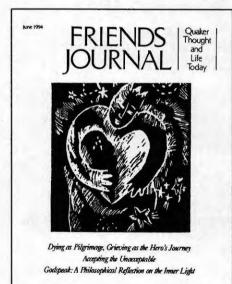
126. "An Attempt to Speak Truth to Power," William Edgerton, 12: 18-19 127. "Quakers Under the Nazi Regime," Ilse Ollendorff Reich, 12: 20-22

128. "Karin," Renate G. Justin, 12: 21-22 129. "Is Your Meeting Old-Folk

Friendly?" Yvonne Boeger, 12: 23-24 130. "The Unfinished Christmas Story,"

Ruth Flower, 12: 25

131. "The Holidays and Togetherness," Harriet Heath, 12: 29



Books

Allen, Irene, Quaker Witness, 11: 30-31 (Joan Gilbert)

Anderson, Lois R., The Pine Street Hotel: A History of the Old Bucks County Jail, 1884-1985, 8: 28-29 (Larry Miller)

Bailey, J. E. Brenda, A Quaker Couple in Nazi Germany: Leonhard Friedrich Survives Buchenwald. 12: 34 (Lewis M. Hoskins) Carmody, Denise Lardner, Virtuous

Woman: Reflections on Christian Feminist Ethics, 6: 28-29 (Bruce Hawkins)

Chatfield, Charles and Ruzanna Ilukhina, ed., Peace/Mir: An Anthology of Historic Alternatives to War, 12: 34-35 (Irwin Abrams)

Cone, James H., Martin & Malcolm and America: A Dream of a Nightmare, 8: 26-28 (Betty-Jean Seeger)

Coontz, Stephanie, The Way We Never Were: American Families and the Nostalgia Trap, 11: 32-33 (Ed Dodson)

Cunningham, Sarah, ed., We Belong Together: Churches in Solidarity With Women, 7: 26 (Joan Gilbert)

Dacyczyn, Amy, The Tightwad Gazette, 4: 37 (Joan Gilbert)

Dart, Martha, Marjorie Sykes: Quaker-Gandhian, 11: 31 (Mary Millman)

de Hartog, Jan, The Peculiar People, 1: 24-25 (Teddy Milne)

Diorio, Margaret, End of Summer, 10: 29 (Nancy M. Culleton)

Elshtain, Jean Bethke, Stanley Hauerwas, Sari Nusseibeh, Michael Walzer, George Weigel, But Was It Just? Reflections on the Morality of the Persian Gulf War, 5: 29-30 (Lyle Tatum)

Gorin, Joe, Choose Love: A Jewish Buddhist Human Rights Activist in Central America, 7: 26-27 (Roberta Spivek)

Gould, Lisa Lofland, ed., Becoming a Friend to the Creation: Earthcare Leaven for Friends and Friends' Meetings, 11: 34 (Sandra Moon Farley)

Griffith, Reva, This Song's for You, 3: 31 (Yvonne Boeger)

Hauerwas, Stanley (see Elshtain et al.) Ilukhina, Ruzanna (see Chatfield et al.)

Kunze, Bonnelyn Young, Margaret Fell and the Rise of Quakerism, 11: 31-32 (Esther S. Cope)

Laird, Rebecca (see Williams, Cecil) Maney, A. S., A Faith for Living, 6: 28 (J. Bernard Haviland)

Mayer, Milton, Robert Maynard Hutchins, A Memoir, 2: 34 (Robert S.

Mogil, Christopher and Anne Slepian with Peter Woodrow, We Gave Away a Fortune, 6: 28 (Donald Laitin)

Nabokov, Peter, ed., Native American Testimony: A Chronicle of Indian-White Relations from Prophecy to the Present, 1492-1992, 1: 25-26 (Betty Renshaw)

Nusseibeh, Sari (see Elshtain et al.) Plimpton, Ruth Talbot, Mary Dyer:

Biography of a Rebel Quaker, 11: 30 (Ralph Townley)

Potts, Michael, The Independent Home: Living well with the power from the sun, wind and water, 11: 32 (Francis D. Hole)

Ouaker Universalist Fellowship, The Light upon the Candlestick, 2: 36 (Edwin E. Staudt III)

Saari, Elvi, I Shall Not Want: Guidestones of My Life, 2: 34-35 (Mary Barclay Howarth)

Slepian, Anne (see Mogil et al.) Swayne, Kingdon W., George School: History of a Quaker Community, 5: 29 (Marty Paxson Grundy)

Vanderstaav, Steven, Street Lives, An Oral History of Homeless Americans, 3: 30-31 (Vince Buscemi)

Wallis, Jack H., ed., Findings: An Enquiry into Quaker Religious Experience, 11: 34, (Marty Grundy)

Walzer, Michael (see Elshtain et al.) Weigel, George, (see Elshtainet al.) Wilson, James Q., The Moral Sense,

7: 27 (Charlotte P. Taylor)

Wilson, Lloyd Lee, Essays on the Ouaker Vision of Gospel Order, 8: 26 (Marty Grundy)

Williams, Cecil, with Rebecca Laird, No. Hiding Place: Empowerment and Our Troubled Communities, 5: 30-31 (Lenna Mae Garra)

Woodrow, Peter (see Mogil et al.) Zimmerman, Blanche Perkins, Foulkeways: The Treasure and the Dream, 11: 32 (Emily Conlon)

Books in Brief

Allott, Stephen, John Wilhelm Rowntree: 1868-1905, 10: 29

Bellis, Alice Ogden, Helpmates, Harlots, and Heroes: Women's Stories in the Hebrew Bible, 12: 35

Brock, Peter, A Brief History of Pacifism, 3: 31

Caswell, Helen, and Illus., Parable of the Mustard Seed, 2: 37

Comstock, Gary David, Gay Theology Without Apology, 4: 37

Ecologist, The, Whose Common Future? Reclaiming the Commons, 12:35

Elliott, Michael, Why the Homeless Don't Have Homes and What to do About It, 8: 29

Gastil, John, Democracy in Small Groups: Participation, Decision Making and Communication, 12: 35

Glaser, Chris, Coming Out to God, 2: 37 Haas, Craig, and Steve Nolt, The Mennonite Starter Kit, 1: 26



OF INTERIOR UNCEASING PRAYER. WORRES AND STRIVINGS CEASE AND ALL THAT REMAINS , IS THAT SPIRIT IN MY HEART WHICH REVELS IN THE PRESENT WITH WONDER GRATITUDE, AND CLARITY.

Nimmo, Dorothy, A Testimony to the Grace of God as Shown in the Life of James Nayler 1618-1660, 7: 27 Nolt, Steve (see Haas, Craig and Steve

Pick, Maritza, The Sierra Club Guide to Community Organizing, 2: 37 Roof, Wade Clark, A Generation of Seekers, 8: 29

Reports

Australia Yearly Meeting, Gerard Guiton, 4: 31

Beaver Farm Weekend, Grant Thompson, 1: 19

Canadian Yearly Meeting, Elaine Bishop, 2: 28

Conference of Quaker Historians and Archivists, Elsa F. Glines, 11: 38

Consultation on UN Peacemaking, Eric Bishop, 4: 32

Friends Association for Higher Education, Susanne Weil, Paul

Niebanck, Michelle Tarter 11: 37-38 Friends Committee on Unity with

Nature, FCUN, Isabel Bliss, 12: 26 Friends Conference on Religion and Psychology, Simmone Patricia Waddell, 9: 22-23

FGC Gathering, Vinton Deming, 9: 7-9 FLGC Midwinter Gathering, Rachel Potter. 6: 21

FWCC Section of the Americas Annual Meeting, Robert Vogel, 6: 21-22; 9: 23

FWCC 18th Triennial, Robert Vogel, 11: 35-37

German Yearly Meeting, Hellmut Stegmann, Lore Horn, and Hans Ulrich Tschirner, 4: 31

Illinois Yearly Meeting, Kip Westling, Larry Stout, Lisa McMahon, and Marti Matthews 1: 18-19

Iowa Yearly Meeting (Cons.), Midyear Meeting, Robert Berquist, 8: 21

Iowa Yearly Meeting (Cons.) Pam Blackburn and Herbert Standing,

Montana Gathering of Friends, Jim Coates, 11: 38-39

Nebraska Yearly Meeting, Kay Mesner, 12:28

New England Yearly Meeting. Elizabeth Cazden, 12: 28

North Pacific Yearly Meeting, Marge Abbott, 2: 28-29

Pacific Yearly Meeting, Ellie Huffman,

Palmetto Friends Gathering, Ellen McCracken, 11: 39

South Central Yearly Meeting, Yvonne Boeger, 8: 21

Southeastern Yearly Meeting, Judy Wiegand, 7: 20-21

Southern Appalachian Yearly Meeting and Assoc., Bert Skellie, 12: 26-28

Southern California Friends' Conference on Religion and Psychology, Richard Holt, 9: 22

Games and Puzzles

Milne, Teddy, Quaker Crostic, 2: 24-25

Poetry

Barounis, Diane, "Weaving into Myself," 7: 8

Carter, Craig, "China, 1939," 5: 15 Cazden, Elizabeth, "Consecrating the Meetinghouse," 3: 10
Ehrhart, W. D., "Red-tailed Hawks," 9: 15
Endo, Russell, "Chrysanthemum,"

"Moveable Rings," 11: 14
Fasciani, Joseph E., "Three Questions,"

1: cover, "Postcard to Christine Runyon," 5: 15

Hickman, Lou Ellen, "On the gift of a lemon," 12: 10

Kirkwood, Karen, "Not Just Plain Brown," 1: 7

Ravndal, Janeal Turnbull, "Steven Michael and Naming the Sacred," 12: 10

Shanken, Andy, "February at the Quaker Graveyard in Haverford, Pennsylvania," 2: 8

McMullin, Alice, "Friends Again," 3:12 Walstorm, Anthony, "Water

Movement," 1: 12 Welsh, Anne Morrison, "Poem for

Harry Niles," "Poem for Mary-Cushing Niles," 4: 9

Wiggins, Jean, "Grief," 6: 12 Wilson, Rocky, "The Oriole's Song,"

Zydek, Fredrick, "Flapping the Sheets," 11:15

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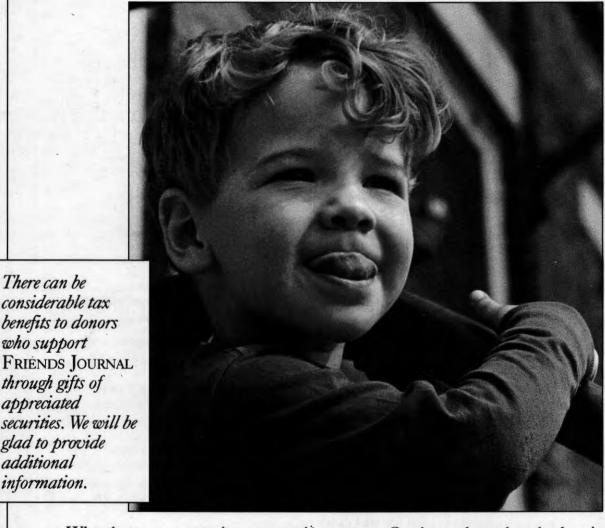
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